

Vol. 32 No. 11

Irma, Alberta, Friday, October 5, 1945

## Obituary

### EDNA MAY LARSON

Friends and neighbors of Albert and Irma districts were deeply grieved to hear of the very sudden passing of Edna May Larson, aged 2 years, 2 weeks and 1 day, dearly beloved and only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Erling Larson, on September 28, at Mannville hospital.

Edna was taken suddenly ill on September 24 with bronchial pneumonia and although everything possible was done for her she passed away about noon the following Wednesday.

Edna was born at Mannville on September 11, 1943.

She leaves to mourn her loss her parents and baby brother, Gordon, her grandparents, Mrs. R. A. Larson and Mr. and Mrs. Dew; also many uncles, aunts and cousins. Funeral services were held from the Irma United Church at 2:00 p.m. Friday, September 28, with Rev. Ingdis officiating. Pall-bearers were John Bars, Albert Jones, Edgar Jones and Ivan Hardy.

Beautiful floral tributes were received from: Mother, Father and Brother; Grandma Dew; Uncle Alf, Aunt Merle and cousins; Uncle Louie, Aunt Maxine and cousins; Uncle Haakon, Aunt Vera and cousins; Uncle Rick, Aunt Bessie, Jean, Scott and Bruce; Albert and Asa; Aunt Joan, Uncle Morris and family; Gladys, Bill and Bobby.

Donations were made to memorial funds as follows: Irma United Church Building Fund: Charlie, Grace and family; Anna, Bill and family; Percy and Kathleen; Mary, Layton and family; Bert and Fred Clisdell and Guy Strand.

Alberta Protestant Home For Children, Edmonton; Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Currie and family; Mildred, Vernon and Charles Bjork; Herbert, Gunnie and Lloyd; Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Ramsay, Donald, Betty and Claude; Mr. and Mrs. J. Fletcher and Jack; Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hardy and Alice; Mrs. M. Roberts, Edith and Jack; Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Greer and family; Mr. and Mrs. Ivan Hardy; Margaret, Ivan and Mrs. Stark; Bob and Robin; John Fleming, Sarah and Jean Sherry; Gertrude, Bill and girls; Edgar and Beatrice; Marion and Bob Lukens; The Haun family; Earl, Lizzie and family.

### JOHN STENSON

John Stenson, who was born at Ontario, Wis., U.S.A., on October 30, 1874, passed away at the University hospital, Edmonton, Alberta, on September 26, 1945.

He came to Canada in 1928 and lived for several years north of Sedgewick, later moving south of Kinross, where he and his family resided at the time of his death.

He is survived by his loving wife, four sons and two daughters, also two sisters, Mrs. H. Knudson, of Irma, and Mrs. A. Allen, of Lake Preston, South Dakota, and one brother at Seattle, Wash.

The funeral service was held in the Kinross United church on Monday, October 1, Rev. Mr. Steele officiating.

Pall bearers were Tom Skori, Otto Skori, Alf Hoglund, I. Johanson, Joe Harding and Albert Johnson.

Floral tributes were received from the following: Mrs. Stenson and family; Mr. and Mrs. H. Knudson and Mr. and Mrs. M. Reitan; Mr. and Mrs. J. Halvorsen; Mr. and Mrs. Fred Knudson; Martin, Ethel and family; Mr. and Mrs. O. Skori and family; Mr. and Mrs. Wylie Brown and Mr. and Mrs. Allan Barker; Mr. and Mrs. I. Hoglund; Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Barker and family; Mr. and Mrs. O. Hoglund; Mr. and Mrs. O. Overbo; Mr. and Mrs. Johanson and family; Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Loades; Simmons and Son; Red and White Store and staff; Staff of the T Eaton Co.

Also cash contributions from Mr. and Mrs. Albert Johnson; Mr. and Mrs. Ray C. Norman, Nebraska; Mr. and Mrs. Ralf Adams, California.

"We can't produce houses out of the air. Housing is the biggest problem of the present time."—Hon Stanley Lewis.



Rev. Oscar C. Hanson

### ATTENTION LUTHER LEAGUERS

During the month of October, there is to be a series of Workers' conferences held throughout our Canada District, with Rev. Oscar C. Hanson, executive secretary of the National Y.P.L.L., as guest speaker. Edmonton and Camrose circuits will have a combined conference in Camrose Lutheran church, Saturday, October 13. Sessions at 10:00 a.m., 2:00 and 7:30 p.m.

All Luther Leaguers are urged to attend.

### TO ALL RATEPAYERS MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF WAINWRIGHT, No. 61

Discount date of 4 per cent on current taxes expires November 1, 1945. Remittance may be forwarded through the mail by bank cheque, money orders or non-negotiable Treasury Branch vouchers.

CHAS. WILBRAHAM,  
Secretary-Treasurer.

### TENDERS WANTED

Sealed tenders will be received at the office of the Secretary-Treasurer, Municipal District of Wainwright, No. 61, Wainwright, Alberta, on or before Tuesday, the 9th day of October, 1945, for the cash purchase of the old municipal office building and lot situated on and being lot 7, block 8, plan 1560 W, Village of Irma.

Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Please mark envelope "Tender for old Municipal Office Building." For further information apply to CHAS. WILBRAHAM, Secretary-Treasurer.

S21-O5

## Items From Kinsella District

Visitors to the city last week were, Mr. and Mrs. A. Loades, George and Malcolm, Mrs. J. Minchin, Mrs. Walden and Mrs. F. Long.

Kinsella people were shocked to hear of the death of Mr. John Stenson, at the University hospital, Edmonton last week, and extend their sympathy to Mrs. Stenson and family.

Mrs. Allen of Irma, spent the week end with friends in Kinsella.

Mrs. J. Allen who now lives at Abbotsford, B.C. spent a few days in Kinsella last week as a guest of Mrs. T. Candy and Mrs. D. Corbett.

Mr. Bill Carpenter was home for the Weekend from Holden.

Mrs. Gardiner and family of Rosetown Sask. have taken up residence in Kinsella.

### ITEMS OF INTEREST IN THE WORLD OF FOODSTUFFS

The Argentine Government is reported to have virtually suspended wheat shipments to Britain, France Italy and other European countries because of lack of internal transportation—Wheat is being imported into North Africa regularly, and such shipments will have to be continued until the new crop is gathered next year.

It is reported that it may be possible for Russia to make some contribution to European relief should the favorable outlook for this year's crops be realized—Broom-hall reports that Australia's growing wheat crop continues to progress favourably—Brazil suspended customs duties and other taxes on imported wheat, according to a recent decree.

Canadian agriculture has adopted a number of technological changes, which have materially increased production both per acre and per man. The increase in use of commercial fertilizers, the widespread use of improved seeds, and the use of superior livestock, and the mechanization of Canadian farms are some of the factors that have influenced agricultural production during the war period and these same factors will continue to influence production after the war.



### NEWS OF OUR BOYS

According to a news report, Phil Inklin landed at Halifax from overseas the first of this week.

Clarence Carter has signed on the interim air force for the next two years and has been posted to the Mount Joli, Que., air station since the station at Yarmouth, N.S., has been closed.

A. C. Milne has received his discharge from the air force and is now at home.



### CANADIANISM

As a further step in their program to promote Canadianism, CICA now carries a daily commentary on the subject, by Stan Ross, prominent news commentator.

Daily Monday through Friday, at 11:30 p.m., Mr. Ross discusses a topic of current news interest, weighs it from all angles, and winds up the discussion with a frank "straight from the shoulder" comment on the stand that should be taken on the matter discussed, in the interests of a truer and purer spirit of Canadianism. The talks are designed to drive home this point forcefully and often.

Incidentally, Stan Ross reviews the news each Saturday night and broadcasts a commentary titled "The International Scene" each Sunday morning.

Copies of the Sunday talk are made available to listeners upon request. This is a CICA public service that is gaining in popularity. The mailing list is growing rapidly, with school teachers and social studies students forming a large portion of the clientele.

### EYES EXAMINED; GLASSES FITTED

Thos. G. Dark, registered optometrist and eye sight specialist, will make his next visit to:

IRMA Drug, 9:00 to 11:00 a.m., Friday, October 12.

VIKING Drug, 12:00 to 2:30 p.m., Friday, October 12.

HOLDEN Drug, 3:30 to 5:00 p.m., Friday, October 12.

### UNITED CHURCH

Paschendale, Public Worship 11.15 a.m.

Roseberry Sunday school, 3 p.m.

Public Worship, 4 p.m.

Irma—Sunday school 11:00 a.m.

Public worship 8:00 p.m.

As Monday, October 8, is Thanksgiving Day, Thanksgiving services will be held at all the above appointments.

A cordial invitation is extended to all.

### CHRISTIAN AND MISSIONARY ALLIANCE

Irma Tabernacle—Bible school at 2:15 p.m.; gospel service 3:30 p.m.

Education Point—Bible school at 11:00 a.m.

Hardisty, Oddfellows' Hall—Gospel service at 8:30 p.m.

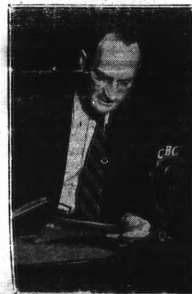
A hearty welcome to all.

"For yet a little while and He that shall come will come, and will not tarry." Heb. 10:37.

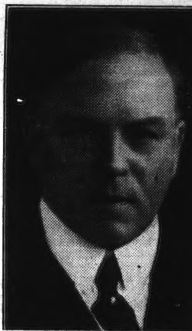
### ST. MARY'S CHURCH NOTES

Harvest Thanksgiving service will be held in St. Mary's church Sunday, October 14th at 2:30 p.m. You are invited to attend this service.

### NEWS REVIEWER



Well known as both journalist and radio commentator is William Woodside, of Toronto, a frequent broadcaster on CBC networks. Mr. Woodside is being heard currently in the CBC Week-end Review on Sundays at 7:30 p.m.



### PRIME MINISTER ENDORSES CLOTHING COLLECTION

In many Allied countries today, millions of men, women and children still suffer extreme privation. They have not enough clothing to keep them warm. Lacking clothing, the sick cannot get well, nor the weak become strong. With millions ill-clad and nearly shoeless, these Allied peoples are desperately handicapped in facing the tremendous tasks of reconstruction following invasion.

As a measure of help, a National Clothing Collection is being held throughout Canada from October 1 to October 20, to obtain spare used clothing for free distribution to these destitute peoples. The clothing collection is sponsored by the Canadian United Allied Relief Fund on behalf of the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration. It has received the approval of the Canadian government.

The people of Canada made magnificent contributions in all directions to help our Allies during the war. I am confident that they will be no less great-hearted in responding to the urgent appeal for clothing now being made.

W. L. Mackenzie King.

### EIGHTH FARM FATALITY

The eighth farm fatal farm accident to occur in Alberta during the past month and a half happened at New Sarepta, twenty-five miles southeast of Edmonton, on Friday of last week. Adolf Wolfe a farmer of that district, was pinned under a trailer which had broken loose from a tractor and gone into the ditch, sustaining injuries from which he never recovered. Of the 8 fatal farm accidents which have happened in the last six weeks, six were due to tractors.

### IN MEMORIAM

In loving memory of Allan Johnson, who passed away October 10, 1944.

Inserted by friends in the Albert district.

## Irma Coffee Shop

Opening  
FRIDAY NIGHT  
October 5th

Light Lunches  
and  
Beverages

## Auction Sales

If you are thinking of having an auction sale, see

Peter Kellar

License no. 127-45-46

or phone

E. PRIOR, Clerk Phone R603 for appointments

## For Sale

### ¾-SECTION FARM

425 acres cultivated. Full set of buildings; 8-room house, basement, cistern and furnace. Six miles gravel from town.

Will sell for Highest Cash Offer

Telephone and Mail Route

Write or see

MRS. M. CHASE

Irma

Will Make A

## Quotation on CATTLE

Heavy Steers, fat ..... 10c  
Heavy Cows, fat ..... 7½c  
Light Cows ..... 7½c  
Light Calves ..... 08c  
Heavy Calves ..... 7½c

F.O.B. Irma

Less 3 Per Cent Shrinkage

FRED SEIERSEN

1 mile north of Irma

PURVIS & LOGAN

Barriers and Solicitors

644 Tegner Building Edmonton

### AUCTIONEER

DICK ROHRER, Irma

Licensed and bonded for your protection. No. 154-45-46.

Livestock and General Farm Sales

Good Horses a Specialty

Satisfaction Guaranteed

I know its value and how to get it

Stricken people  
of war-torn lands

## NEED CLOTHES

WHAT CAN YOU SPARE  
THAT THEY CAN WEAR?



## NATIONAL CLOTHING COLLECTION

IN countries ravaged by war, thousands of families are without adequate clothing, blankets, footwear. They face bitter winter weather unprotected—unless every scrap of serviceable discarded clothing in our cupboards is sent to them at once! Turn over your clothes closets today. Hand in whatever used clothing you can spare at your nearest Post Office or Collection Depot.

OCTOBER 1 to 20

## GOODWILL ENVOYS

**American Soldiers in Britain Proving Themselves Most Efficient**

A modest but significant example of what can be done to improve understanding is offered by several hundred American troops who volunteered to help in Britain's harvest camps during September and October, gathering the nation's crops on farms desperately short of man-power. British newspapers, giving prominent display to the American soldiers' action, describe it as a "lend-lease scheme of their (American troops) own to help Britain's food problems." At the same time, American authorities agreeing to the troops' plan call it a "friendly gesture" and "a slight return for all the kindness shown by the British people to American forces during their four year's occupation."

Evidently the British people are agreeably impressed and reassured by our soldier's manifestation of American good will. It should serve also as a reminder to all Americans of the sympathetic attitude of our service men who have come to know the British people at first hand. Our troops in Britain are proving again what has been said many a time in the past—that the individual American soldier makes a fine ambassador of good will.—Buffalo Courier Express

## When Hats Come Off

**Field Officer Settled Question About Wearing Helmets in Church**

Why do chaplains keep their hats on, when praying? There's a question that bothers a lot of people, who cannot understand what they believe is lack of reverence.

The discussion that once raged in a military guard of honor, says White, Clark, in the Windsor Star. The men were to wear steel helmets and carry side-arms, but the chaplain refused to enter the church, or if they would continue to wear the helmets as they entered, he would not. There was considerable debate, but the chaplain's hard-bitten, tough-sounding senior field officer, who was in command, was direct and authoritative. "The men will wear their steel helmets until they come into the presence of the Lord," he said. "That means that they will take off their helmets the moment they reach the door of the church."

## Drowning Prevention

**Mounted Police Are Co-operating in Campaign in Saskatchewan**

Royal Canadian Mounted Police of "F" Division, commanded by Assistant Commissioner H. A. R. Gagnon, Regina, are co-operating with the Saskatchewan Department of Public Health in its drowning-prevention campaign. Detachment officers are distributing the department's free new pamphlet, "Water-Friend or Enemy," at all bathing resorts, lakes and tourist camps. Similar co-operation is being given by managers of summer resorts, and the St. John Ambulance association is distributing the booklet with its first aid certificates. A more comprehensive preventive program is contemplated for next summer.

## Seems Rather Stupid

**Name John Is Short Enough Without Writing It Jno.**

If it is necessary to shorten the writing of such a short name as John, why not make it Jon, which keeps the letters in perfect sequence and is pronounced the same way instead of Jno, which jumbles up the letters and is absolutely unpronounceable. John is short enough, really, to require no short way of writing it, yet many people habitually write Jno. Well, if Jno, why not Myr, which is the same way of misreading Mary? The list could be added to, but that will suffice to show the stupidity of the abbreviation. Let's drop it. Who invented it anyway?—Guelph Mercury

Buy War Savings Stamps regularly.

## Important Contribution

**Story of Canadian Farms Will Be A Saga of Self-Sacrifice**

When it is possible to write the full story of the war work done in the past six years by the men and women of the Canadian farms, it will be a heroic saga of self-sacrifice, ceaseless labor, victory over difficulties in the shortage of help and machinery, and the never-ending fight against the elements. Peace hath her victories no less renowned than war. The farm folk of Canada, like farm folk everywhere, are fundamentally people of peace. Paradoxically without them war could not be waged, so it is appropriate to pause and give due measure of appreciation to the people who made an immeasurable contribution to victory.

In other countries, unintentional forgetfulness of what farm men and women have achieved in war time is an old story, although that story is not likely to be repeated in Canada. About 1,600 years ago, the Visigoth farmers settled by Theodosius south of the Danube were forgotten and left to their own resources under harsh conditions. Yet much was expected of them in the way of supplying food. So they started the first major farm strike on record and were stopped from occupying Rome only on the payment of a large farm loan, then spoken of as a ransom.

Again in the world, the time has come when they shall beat their swords into ploughshares and their spears into pruning hooks. After every war, the ploughshares and pruning hooks are sorely needed. On the declaration of peace, the Canadian farmer, with his outworn machinery looks forward to the time of full supply which includes a long list of necessary implements.

Throughout the war, the farm men and women of Canada met with courage and uncomplaining endurance the many demands made upon them even when it would appear that the impossible was being asked.

Agriculture has helped place Canada in the vanguard of nations. Now an opportunity presents itself for the Nation to place farm folk in the forefront under conditions and surroundings worthy of the victories of peace.

## Mighty River

**The Amazon Said To Be The Largest River in America**

It should be remembered that the Amazon is the mightiest river in America, with a basin covering some 4,488,950 square miles, dominating the heart of the South American continent.

More than half Brazil, two-thirds of Peru, almost half of Bolivia, half of Ecuador, and a great part of Colombia and Venezuela are situated in the immense basin. Only three republics, Argentina, Chile and Uruguay, are outside of it.

At its mouth the Amazon is more than 106 miles wide.

Trans-Atlantic boats of more than 7,000 tons can reach the river port of Iquitos, 3,700 miles in the interior of the continent.

The transportation system of the Amazon includes a great number of small canals suitable for navigation, and served by small tugboats answering the needs of normal commercial traffic.—Brazil Bulletin.

## Had His Turn

**Grocer in New York Got Even With Troublesome Customer**

In New York a grocer questioned an early-morning customer on Aug. 14: "This is the day the war is over, isn't it?"

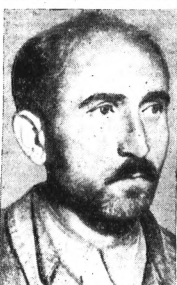
"It certainly must be," said the customer.

The grocer picked up the phone. "I've been waiting for this," he said. "Then he spoke into the transmitter: 'Hello, Mrs. —' the name was muffled. 'The war is over. Don't you ever come into my store again. You keep out of here. Understand!'"

"That woman," said the grocer, putting down the receiver, "for two years makes trouble. She squawks about the food. She fights about the radio stamps. She says me that one day the war will be over and I'll be glad to see her, then. Now the war is over. I told her."



Northern Norway is the destination of Mrs. Evald Erlandsen and Evald, Sgt. Erlandsen, whose picture is seen, was killed in action but widow and child go anyway.



TO FACE WAR CRIMES—Ernest Grabner, former commandant of the Auschwitz political prison camp, is seen after his arrest to face trial on war crimes charges. He was working on a farm 50 miles from Vienna when captured.

## Not Always Easy

**In Some Cases, Chinese Cannot Be Distinguished From Japs**

In the confusion that exists on the mainland of Asia many an American soldier will be confronted with the problem of distinguishing Chinese from Japanese. All the way from Singapore to Mukden Americans will be trying to identify enemies who look like friends. The task often will be perplexing. Physical traits are more like American eyes than the slant eyes of our enemies. He is likely, but not certain, to be less hairy than the Jap. His teeth usually are better set—he doesn't often have the buck teeth of the Emperor's soldier.

The best physical sign of all, however, is the normal foot of the Chinese. The Japanese foot ordinarily has a large space created in childhood by the leather thong of a wooden sandal, between the first and second toes. The difficulty with all this is that there are exceptions. Now and then one finds a light-colored Chinese with slant eyes, a beard, buck teeth and a wide space next to his big toe. Such a man sometimes can be identified as a friend and ally, despite his physical characteristics by his manner and his attitude, toward life. If he is really Chinese he is likely to be far better adjusted than the average Jap.

The Japanese, throughout their known history, have been a repressed people. Their strict social, political and economic controls have made them into units of a rigid society. At times, however, there is a break in the tension which keeps them within their patterns of life and they give way to mass hysteria. As American troops enter Japan they may have to deal with a number of forms of hysterical behaviour and the difficulties in handling them may be serious. This will not mean that American plans for control on Japan are a failure, but merely that the Japanese are acting like Japs and not like our friends the Chinese.—New York Herald Tribune.

## Their Only Request

**All Garrison on Two Jims Wanted Was One Girl**

Capt. E. R. Mainguy, commander of the Canadian cruiser Uganda, which returned recently from Pacific operations, disclosed an exchange of messages between two Jims Garrison and his ship as it started homeward. The shore station wished the Uganda: "A good time."

The ship asked: "Is there anything we can bring you on our return?" The shore station signalled plaintively: "Just one girl would do."

Buy War Savings Stamps regularly.

## System Was Perfect

**Germans Were Unable To Solve Mystery Of British Radar**

The air ministry made known details of the workings of a highly effective form of radar called "Obce," which led the bombers to targets in Germany on beams sent out from ground stations in England, and even told bombardiers when to release bombs.

These stations, it was disclosed, were able to "watch" planes along the entire route, in fog, storm or darkness, and were a major factor in blasting Adolf Hitler's war plans.

If the Krupp armament works at Essen, Germany, were the target, a radar beam 17 feet wide would be aimed at the city from a ground station near Dover, and that is believed to be one reason for so much German cross-channel shelling of Dover. The beam would hit Essen right over the Krupp works, just like an imaginary wire rope hanging in the sky, with tips extending many miles outside the city on two sides.

Bombers would take off and make a beeline for Essen. Wherever they intercepted the beam automatic signals would start flashing and code dials and dashes begin coming over the earphones. All a pilot had to do was turn squares onto the beam and follow it to the target.

When he reached a certain point, so many seconds from the assigned target, he received a coded "release bombs" signal from the ground operator back in England.

When the pilot returned he could see his bomb recorded in black and white on a graph made by an electrical instrument similar to weather graphing machines.

Airmen say "Obce" gives them virtually automatic accuracy to within eight yards of the smallest target.

The Germans had a radar system, but always lagged behind the Allies in new developments, and were never able to solve the mystery of how to counteract it for defensive purposes. On every trip Allied planes dropped hundreds of pounds of tin foil strings into space to doublecross the Nazis. Every tin foil fake picked up on a German radar screen registered the same kind of dot as an Allied plane.

## Barley Exports Stopped

**Essential To Protect Agricultural Live-stock Program**

After reviewing the estimated production figures of the 1944 barley crop and the carryover from the 1943 crop, it is considered essential that in order to protect the agricultural live-stock program, the entire crop be held for Canadian consumption, says the feeds administrator of the Agricultural Supplies Board and the War-time Prices and Trade Board.

Consequently, no further export permits will be granted for barley, whole, ground or processed.

## SUGAR STOCKS LOW

Victory in the Pacific does not mean immediate easing of the sugar situation, Price Board officials said. "The Pacific area dropped out of the sugar picture with Pearl Harbor," a department spokesman said. "Although Japan is defeated, it will take a long time and a lot of work to restore the sugar plantations. In the meantime, sugar is being used faster than it is being produced."

## IT REALLY PLAYED

"Benjamin Franklin invented the 'armonica,' a cabinet containing a series of glass bowls capable of giving forth the notes of the scale. The original instrument is in the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, Pa."

## NEW FILM ON SCABIES

The Division of Health Education, Saskatchewan Department of Public Health, has ordered for popular showing a new film on scabies (Itch), which has been prevalent in all parts of the province.

## NUTRITIOUS FOOD

**Beans Are Inexpensive And Wonderful Pinch-Hitters For Meat**

The spotlight is still on the vegetable family and this week the dried are the leading actors. As canned pork and beans vanish from grocery shelves and meat goes on the ration list, beans in the raw or bulk form advance to the front of the stage. Dried peas and beans cost little compared to the food value they offer. They're an inexpensive protein source and wonderful meat pinch-hitters, especially when plenty of milk is used along with them. The legumes are full of iron and other minerals and energy-giving starch, and lend themselves to a volume of tasty concoctions. Home-baked beans, substantial split pea or bean soup or a snappy bean loaf are high up on the preferred list and are easy to fix and a treat to eat.

Beans have been tagged with a barding-house scorn they undeservedly still bear. Poor preparation and under-cooking have given them a low rating on the epicure's list, but careful cooking in a slow oven in an old-fashioned bean pot will soon swing the pendulum to the other side.

## Military Secret

**American Aircraft Flew From U.S. Bases In China To Philippines**

American aircraft flew across the Japanese lines from advanced bases in China direct to the Philippines for nine months before the Japanese surrender, completing the United States Army's chain of airways round the world, it was disclosed at United States Army headquarters in Calcutta.

Forged during the most strenuous days of the war against Japan the route has been a military secret until now.

Planes of the India-China division of the United States air transport command, flying across the Japanese lines, cut the flying time from Calcutta to Manila, a distance of about 2,500 miles, from 60 hours to 12½ hours, and recently to less than eight hours, while the flying time from the United States to Calcutta, usually more than 48 hours by way of the African and Atlantic routes, was reduced to about 40 hours by routes continuing from Manila across the Pacific, a distance of about 7,000 miles.

## Just Kept A List

**Russia Made No Plans For Dealing With War Criminals**

There was a big pop-cow to discuss punishment of Nazi war criminals, says Bennett Corb in the Saturday Review. "I've brought along the British plan," says the delegate from London, producing a voluminous document. "We have a plan, too," said the American delegate, plunking a three-hundred-page volume on the table. The Russian sat silent, his arms folded. "Where is your plan?" asked the others. "The Russians have no plan," said the Muscovite. "No plan?" asked the others. "No," said the Russian, reaching into his pocket. "We just have a list!"

## Future Of Europe

**Political And Social Freedom Must Be Attained**

Prime Minister Attlee warned that unless something of value is given Europe to replace totalitarianism, "its place we may get seven other devils, each worse than the one before."

The prime minister spoke at a luncheon given by the Anglo-Danish society in honor of the Danish freedom movement which has been disbanded.

"In my view the political and social freedom for which Britain and Denmark stand are ideals which we must set before Europe," Attlee said.

Buy War Savings Stamps regularly.



**PUPPET RULER HELD**—Russia has announced the capture of Emperor Kang Teh, Japan's puppet ruler of Manchuria, and his imperial suite, Marshal Alexander M. Vasilievsky, Soviet far eastern commander, radioed the chief of staff of Japan's Kwantung army that the emperor was "safe in my hands."

## About Seaweed

**Many Useful Products Can Be Made From This Source**

A chart of seaweed products would be impressive. It yields an edible jelly that in some countries is much prized for soups. It is rich in feeding stuffs for cattle and poultry. It is a valuable fertilizer.

You can make the finest sorts of gums and glues from it, and it is a chief constituent in the cellulose wrappings that have a hundred uses in the modern world. The acids derived from it are valuable in the manufacture of soaps, paints and cosmetics.

In later years it has been made to yield a textile fabric. A firm in Scotland has been making camouflage nettings from seaweed. Another in England has turned out buoyant non-inflammable clothing for airmen from the same source. It is a raw material for plastics. It yields a means of clarifying beer. There seems to be little, from high explosives to hair cream, in which seaweed cannot play a part.

## Infantile Paralysis

**Only Two Cases Have Been Reported In Saskatchewan This Year**

Only two cases of poliomyelitis (infantile paralysis) have been reported so far this year to the Saskatchewan Department of Public Health, and there is good hope that there will not be any severe outbreak this season, Dr. C. F. W. Hames, deputy minister, reported.

One of the two cases was reported last April. The second case was reported this month. Last year 17 cases were reported in Saskatchewan, only one being fatal. The patient in this case died in January.

Although the means by which polio is spread had not been determined, the continued carrier of other ills, is strongly suspected, Doctor Hames said. Fies are dangerous at any time, and particularly in the presence of unsanitary conditions, the deputy minister warned.

## Problem Solved

**Girl Was Able To Decipher A Code Message**

An excited gentleman hurried into the New York office of the FBI, waving a little black notebook.

"I found it in the subway," he panted. "It's in code!"

An agent examined it, read "KI, P2, Go 8," etc., etc. He gave it a routine code check, but couldn't break it; so off it went to the experts in Washington.

The breakdown was finally supplied by a young lady employed in the decoding department. "Yes, one, Puri two, Cast on eight," etc., etc.—This Week.

## UNOFFICIAL DELEGATE



—From Christian Science Monitor.



**NEW BRITISH PLANE**—Combination of different types of aircraft is this new British model which seems to be flying backwards. The small wing is in front and it is known as the "Libellula".



"YOUR BREAD IS TOPS!"



"MY YEAST IS TOPS!"



ENSURES EASY  
BAKING—MAKES  
LUSCIOUS, SWEET-  
TASTING, EVEN-  
TEXTURED LOAVES

WRAPPED AIRTIGHT  
TO PROTECT POTENCY—  
ALWAYS DEPENDABLE!

OUR COMPLETE  
SHORT STORY—  
GULLIBILITY

— By —  
JACK WOODFORD

McClure Newspaper Syndicate

They were somehow vaguely alike, the enormous sea gull and the enormous cock. The gull, which Mike called Gully, was big as an eagle—and twice as tough. The two hated each other with a rich, full-bodied venom.

The bird hated Mulvaney because she was a man-gull, apparently, and believed that the cock kept her from her master. And Mulvaney hated the bird because he had been due for advancement a year, when he'd found her, and the slip-up the bird caused that day had cost him his promotion.

Gully, Mike figured, had also cost him a wife. Ellen Flanagan wouldn't live in the same house with a sea gull.

One of the gull's wings was broken. The bird lived on the back porch, which Mulvaney had enclosed in chicken wire. Taking Gully out and putting her into the special box Mike had made for her was some job. He had to wear thick gloves and a baseball catcher's mask to accomplish it.

On a Saturday night when Mulvaney had about given up hope, what he had been waiting for so long happened.

He'd taken the gull in her box out to a gambling joint in Oak Park. And it was there that Gully for the first time made a sound of affection and recognition that was unmistakable.

Mulvaney quickly opened the box, and Gully went straight for a pocket-marked hoodlum, uttering rasping cries of macabre love. The low-life shot at the bird. Mike shot back and caught the tough's gun arm neatly.

The crook's name turned out to be Acklin. When they offered to put the gull in the cell with him, he confessed. Acklin didn't deny that he was the gull's first boy friend, but Gully wanted no more of him after that shot. Now it was Mike and Mike only with Gully—so much so that Mike blushed and squirmed when she rubbed against his leg like a cat in the squad room. Gully.

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evidently, was no gal to go on singing "My Man" after her man had done her wrong. When it was all over the captain called Mulvaney into his private office.

"So that," Mike's superior said, "was why you kept that albino buzzard all this time, lugging it around to joints. I was beginning to think you was nuts."

Mulvaney explained: "You see, sir, after the robbery I took the gull to a vet to examine its wing. The wing, he said, had been broken a long time before that day. So I figures no gull with a busted wing had flew to State and Madison. I does it that some guy brought it there, knowin' that at the busiest corner in the world the biggest gull ever seen walkin' around would cause enough excitement to jam up everything—so's while I untangle the crowd and catch the bird the guy can put his daylight crush. And when I seen how tough the gull is I figures no guy could get it there quiet unless the bird was plenty friendly with him. So I starts cherrin' croakin' around."

"One way or another, Mulvaney, it was nice work. I shall report you for promotion at once."

"Thanks, sir," Mulvaney saluted and went out. Straight to Ellen. By this time, he knew, it was in all the papers how he'd tracked down the perpetrator of the daring daylight robbery on State Street; how he'd got the five grand from the Jewellers' Association as a reward. . . how Acklin had stayed a long time cooling off from a former job, out in the lake on a boat, and had found the gull then.

"Mike, tell me right off, before we go any further," Ellen insisted, "what becomes of that razor-billed fowl?"

"I'm keepin' it," Mike said firmly. "But you told me the happiest day of your life would be when you could shoot its head off."

"Look, Ellen, I agreed to let my old lady live with us, didn't I?" Mike interposed.

"It ain't the same thing—my old lady don't bite, or scratch, or yell—now. You ain't keepin' it, and me, Mike Mulvaney."

"Now look, Ellen, every guy's entitled to a pet. I don't like dogs; you don't like cats—there ain't another pet in the world, except Gully, tough enough to get along with me, except you."

"Choose," she said, in a way she'd heard it said on the radio, "right before the dame must decide between the young American engineer and the guy with a German accent."

Dejectedly Mike went home. All the kids had gone out of his reward dough and his promotion. Mike sighed so gustily it rattled the window down. "I'll be back," he said to Ellen. She said: "Take a powder on me, will you, flat-foot?"

"Gosh," he said, "I'll stick by Gully now. She helped me make the pinch of my career."

"O.K. I thought it over. You're a right guy, at that. I'll be back. But my mother won't. She doesn't want to live with us if you got the girl. She's gonna live with my brother."

Mike went out on the back porch. Gully, sunning herself, said affectionately: "Awk."

Mike went to the phone. Called that shifty new pet shop on the Gold Coast. This is Mike Mulvaney, police sergeant. What's the most expensive fish you got?

"Expensive?" a sibilant-voiced male clerk echoed. Mike could almost see his eyebrows lift. "Well, if you wish something really distinctive, we have just received some superior specimens of the crested-tailed Freshian Sumnerian diaphanous tithylotheus. The voice was soft now with veneration.

"The males are very expensive; the females less so."

"Sounds leechy," Mike told him. "Rush me twenty pounds, males and females mixed."

"Pounds!" the clerk echoed. "Pounds!" And then there was a crash at the other end of the wire as if the poor dear had swooned.

#### Vegetable Oil Plant

Project For The Utilization Of Farm Products

Contract for the erection of a vegetable oil plant in Saskatchewan as a first unit in the \$2,500,000 Saskatchewan Wheat Pool project for the utilization of farm products, has been awarded to Smith Brothers and Wilson, Saskatoon contractors.

The plant, to be located on a 21-acre site in Saskatoon's industrial section, will be the start in the wheat pool's plan which eventually will include a 1,600-barrel modern flour mill, a steryl plant, a factory for making starch, glucose and syrup from wheat and a 500,000-bushel grain storage elevator.

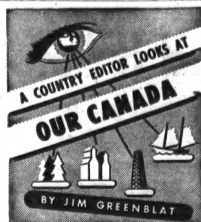
#### DESTROYED BY JAPS

Rubber trees worth millions of dollars and machinery for rubber processing have been laid waste in Malaya by the Japanese, while the tin and lumber industries also have been seriously impaired.

The London Daily Sketch reported in a dispatch from its correspondent in Kuala Lumpur, Federated Malay States capital.

Sailors' neckerchiefs were originally designed to be used as slings or tourniquets for battle injuries.

The whale shark, largest living fish, is harmless and puts up no fight when caught by man.



◆ Bits and pieces: In the Whitehall (Sask.) district, a party of mourners missed a funeral by being held up on the road by 13 blowouts.

At Duncan, B.C., The Leader's reporter took a pass at a wasp, got a sting in the neck, reeled groggily into a doctor's office and was revived by a shot of Adrenalin and a pretty nurse. He crawled back to his office.

He relates the paper. . . Conveying a fleet of trucks by motorcycle near Woodstock, Ont., Mervyn Ayers ran down a fox in his beam of light. He applied and got his \$1 bounty from Oxford County Clerk Bole.

Mounties always get their man. At Yorkton, Sask., redcoats picked up (Mike) Roy Kaban for breaking and entering at Brandon, Man., eleven years ago. . . At Valleyview, Alta., Ivan Brethlund and Carl Smoen were fishing in the Little Smoky when a 14-in. Jack fish jumped into their boat. . . Telegraph lineaman Leonard Rittmiller, 24, lay down for a rest beside the track, near Estevan, Sask. The Soo Line came by, woke him, and as he sleepily jumped up he was struck, and got a fractured skull and lacerations. . . Twenty years ago Mrs. Harold Barnes of Campbellton, N.B., gave her husband a wedding present, a pair of cut links. He promptly lost them in a cucumber patch. The other day a sister-in-law went out to get a cucumber in same patch, and picked up the links not even tarnished. A fire truck careening down Columbia St. in Kamloops, B.C., lost its muffler, back-fired, ignited the tar-surfaced street, and it had to put out the fire. . . Lilla Nease, Belmont House, Toronto, submitted a poem to the Picton Gazette, which she wrote 80 years ago. It was accepted, printed and "brought much happiness to an old woman, as she wrote."

◆ Where there's a will, there's a way. Fire Chief Venables and members of the department at Port Alberni, B.C., have constructed of such items as a piece of board and some gas pipe, a piece of most advanced resuscitation equipment. "It has proved itself far more efficient for reviving drowned or shocked persons than any of the older manual methods," says the West Coast Advocate.

◆ In Kentville, N.S., a group of citizens met to discuss seriously matter of breaking down of discipline in school. One of them, Edgar J. H. Durney: "There is a tendency on the part of the home today to think the school takes the place entirely of a child's education. Parents do not realize the responsibility that is theirs. The same applies to the church. Unless the home realizes its responsibility and tries to carry out its duties, the school and the church will fail."

◆ Post-war small industries are best-selling. We read where the Pembina Co-op, Canora, Ltd., at Rhineland village in Manitoba, is in 'to go with machinery ready and 24,000 empty cans from Continental Can Co. arrived. They plan to can all of the season pork and beans, chicken, and other meats and for future seasons in the list are peas, green and wax beans, beets, asparagus, carrots and tomatoes. They will also attempt to process soups so popular among people of that district.

◆ And apropos the above item the Morden (Man.) Times says: "Too long has rural Canada been the neglected child who paid humble homage to big industry located in the metropolitan areas. The infant has grown not only in stature but in wisdom and is now questioning the right of larger centres to corner all industry. Rural communities throughout the west are endeavoring to promote small industry developments in the towns of the prairies, and with some success."

◆ Four times a day, for the past 46 years the whistle atop the Macdonald Milling Co. at Westsaskatoon, Alta., has called the townsfolk to their various tasks. On the afternoon of Aug. 27, following the funeral of Duncan MacEachern, 81-year-old founder of the mill, it was blown for the last time by W. J. Kadlee, who has pulled the cord for 27 years.

#### Seed To Russia

Production Of Alfalfa Seed Development At Hudson Bay Junction

An important industry involving the production of alfalfa seed is developing at Hudson Bay Junction, according to A. G. Sinclair, district supervisor, department of Colonization and Agriculture, Canadian National Railways.

Mr. Sinclair recently visited the area and states that the carload of alfalfa seed were shipped direct from Hudson Bay Junction to Moscow, returning the local growers \$68,000.

#### SPECIAL BOARD

To Handle Food Supplies For Export, Principally To Britain

One of the wartime boards, the Special Products Board, established on April 15, 1941, has been a quiet, yet efficient organization in connection with food supplies for export, principally to Britain.

The purpose of the Board as originally set up was to regulate the export of any product of agriculture processed or unprocessed, except bacon or dairy products, pursuant to agreements made between the Government of Canada and the United Kingdom. Its powers, however, were extended by Order in Council passed March 20, 1942, to include agreements with any Government in the British Empire or of any nation allied with Great Britain in the war.

The work of the Board is divided into five sections, namely, Poultry Products, Fruit and Vegetables, Flax and the Field and Vegetable Seeds and Certified Seed Potatoes. Each section has its own manager.

During the 12 months ended March 31, 1945, shipments of poultry products by the Board to the British Ministry of Food included: 28,883,706 lb. of dried egg powder, the equivalent of about 86,651,000 dozen shell eggs; 21,933,089 dozen shell eggs, and 1,973,089 lb. of dressed poultry. Dressed poultry shipments to the United States Government in the 12 months totaled 23,998,681 lb.

Millions of pounds of dehydrated vegetables, 691,830 barrels of fresh apples, 6,621,846 pounds of flax fibre, millions of pounds of field crop and vegetable seeds were shipped to Britain and to many thousands of bundles of certified seed potatoes were exported in the period April 1, 1944 and March 31, 1945, to France, Uruguay, Cuba, South Africa, Venezuela, and the Dominion Republic.

The total value of business done by the Board since it was established runs into many millions of dollars. The members of the Board are officials of the Dominion Departments of Agriculture and Trade and Commerce.

#### War-time Guests

Many British Children Will Soon Enjoy Being At Home

The return home of a number of British children who were war guests in Canada and the United States has been a source of reported emotion that on the surface is definitely flattering to this continent. Yet it would be a mistake to accept this as any more than superficial and temporary or to fail to try and appraise the deeper fundamentals of Anglo-American relations developed by the five-the vision of these young people.

The British children will not forget the graciousness of hospitality unconditionally. But the hospitality of them are not likely to hanker very long for the North American amenities still unobtainable in Britain. Nor, probably, will many of them persevere in current ambitions to settle on this continent. Five years from now desires largely engendered by dismay at the forces shaping the future of old time will seem impracticable for a variety of new reasons.

In any event, Britain needs its youth for the long reconstruction years ahead. That need is a challenge that few of them will want to ignore. And whether they ever return here or not these wartime guests will have a very special privilege and a particular duty. It will be their to interlink the relations of the English-speaking peoples by interpreting, from joint experience, the peoples of this continent to Britain; and of explaining Britain to the friends they have left here.—Montreal Gazette.

#### This Week's Pattern



By ANNE ADAMS

Galley and utility in an apron for mums and women. Pattern 4586 can be made from little fabric. . . even from a grain or feed bag!

Pattern 4586 comes in sizes small (34-36), medium (36-38) and large (40-42). Small size requires 1 1/2 yds. 35-inch material.

Send money (20c) in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) for this pattern. Write plainly Size, Name, Address and Style Number and send to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 375 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man.

## You'll enjoy our Orange Pekoe Blend "GOLDEN TEA"



#### The Bacon Market

Canada Must Retain The Market Enjoyed During The War

The people have long been accustomed to regarding Danish bacon as the finest, and if Denmark combines transport shipments with an aggressive publicity campaign, it may make considerable inroads upon the market now enjoyed by Canada. It is possible for Canada to retain a dominant position in that market, but in order to do so we must let our British customers know the truth about the conditions imposed upon Canadian exporters by the war.

Canadian bacon shipped to Britain during the war years has not been of high quality, and it is unlikely that the quality will be improved until better transportation facilities are available. Canada's bacon industry was expanded too rapidly; volume was the primary consideration. For a while fat was almost an equally important requirement; Britain's greatest need was food and not fat. There was no time for concentration on a quality product, nor would such a product have survived wartime transport conditions. The British government expressed its appreciation of the Canadian industry to lower its standards in order to meet current conditions. The request was complied with; it was a matter of war economics and not one of profit. As a matter of fact, a great deal of the bacon sent to Great Britain since 1940 has been an outright gift, particularly acknowledging the gallant fight waged by its people against a common enemy.

The people of Britain should be told these things early and often, more especially since the re-appearance there of a mild-cured quality product which once was high in public favor. If we keep reminding Britain of the conditions under which our bacon industry is reorganized to produce a higher quality product and more rapid ocean transportation will allow us to ship in competition with a country only a few hours from Britain. Unless all these things are done, Canada runs the risk of losing a great export market, a loss which will directly affect at least a quarter of a million Canadian farmers.—Kingston Whig-Standard.

#### Loans To Farmers

First Million Made By Chartered Banks Under New Act

D. M. McRae, Administrator of the Farm Improvement Loans Act, has announced that the first million dollars in loans has been made by the chartered banks to farmers under this new Dominion legislation.

Loans for water supply dug-outs in Alberta, pre-fabricated houses in Saskatchewan, and tobacco kilns in Ontario, are illustrative of the wide variety of uses which farmers are making of this Act.

While the greatest number of loans have been made by banks so far for the purchase of farm implements, tools for the construction, repair and improvement of buildings are in demand and show every indication that they will be in greater numbers as soon as material and labour become more generally available.

#### RECIPES

Did you ever notice in looking through your recipe books how many recipes call for "fine dry crumbs"? In the old days, dry crumbs always meant dried bread or crackers—but modern cooks have found that ready-to-eat cereals are one of the easiest and best sources when dry crumbs are needed. There are several things to say for cereal crumbs in addition to their availability and ease of preparation. They are well cooked and flavored and of golden brown color. This flavour and colour contributes much to the finished crumb. There are many uses for cereal crumbs either fine or coarse. Coarse crumbs will extend meat loaves and patties and improve flavour and texture. They are excellent as a casserole topping and for crumb toppings. They can be used in a berry pie to thicken the juice and keep the pie from running over. Use about 1 1/2 cups of corn flakes. Sprinkle crushed corn flakes over bottom crust before adding berries.

Here are some measurements and rules for "crumbing":  
4 cups corn flakes yield 1 cup fine crumbs or 2 cup coarse crumbs.  
3 cups all wheat flakes or oven-popped rice yield 1 cup fine crumbs or 1 1/2 cups coarse crumbs.

To Make Crumbs  
Measure cereal into fresh tea towel spread out on flat surface. Fold over sides of towel and roll up. Press down firmly; open towel and completely crush with rolling pin. Try this Honey Crumb Pie Shell with your favourite chicken pie filling.

Honey Crumb Pie Shell  
4 cups corn flakes  
2 tablespoons honey  
1/4 cup melted butter

Crush corn flakes into fine crumbs. Add honey and butter; mix well. Press evenly and firmly around sides and bottom of pie pan. Bake in oven (325 degrees F.) about 10 minutes. Cool before adding filling. Yield: One 8-inch pie shell.

LINKED BY PHONE  
India has been linked with China by telephone and telegraph, for the first time in history. A pole-line approximately 1,750 miles long—has been set up from Calcutta to Kunming, China, which completes the vast telephone system extending from Karachi, through Burma, into China.

#### Course For Farmers

University Of Saskatchewan Is Offering A Two-Year Course

The University of Saskatchewan is offering to young farmers a two-year practical course in agriculture, highlighted by courses in crop production, farm management, breeding, dairying, feeding of livestock, and building construction, officials of the College of Agriculture have announced. To be admitted to the school students must be at least 17 years of age, have a grade 8 education, and have lived one year on a farm. Scholarships will be offered.

Classes will commence October 31, 1945, and will close March 23, 1946. Inquiries should be sent to The Dean, College of Agriculture, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon.

#### New Cotton Cloth

Developed In New Orleans Will Resist Mildew And Rot

Newark says the Southern regional research laboratory of the Department of Agriculture in New Orleans has developed an acetylated cotton cloth which resists rot and mildew. Samples of cloth and thread treated with the preservative remained buried in soil beds from six months to a year with little loss of strength; ordinary cotton cloth completely disintegrated within a week. Sandbags of the treated material were still intact after two years in the open. The new process does not cause deterioration, odor, or stickiness, and is non-toxic.

When taken in Fata Goering was wearing the grand cross of the knight's cross of the Iron cross. Would this be the well-known double cross raised to the top power?

Buy War Savings Stamps regularly.

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DR. K. V. NEATBY  
Director  
Line Elevators Farm Service  
Winnipeg, Manitoba

### Seed Testing Service

In accordance with a promise made nearly two years ago, Line Elevators Farm Service now offers a complete seed testing service to growers of wheat, oats, barley, rye and flax. Examination and testing of samples will include consideration of five important factors.

1. **Germination.** Tests will be made as heretofore.
2. **Weed Seeds.** The presence of noxious weed seeds will be reported on request.
3. **Smuts.** All wheat samples will be tested for smut (stinking smut) and tests will be made on oats or barley if requested. Reports will include recommendations as to seed treatment.
4. **Other Diseases.** As samples are removed from the granulators, they will be examined for the presence of other diseases.
5. **Mechanical Damage.** To the seed will be determined since it has an important bearing on the method of seed treatment.

Farmers should instruct elevator agents as to which tests are required. Wheat samples will be grown and examined for varietal purity next summer if the farmer so desires.

This is the only single laboratory in Canada equipped to perform such a service. The equipment is first-class and the staff well trained. No effort has been spared to insure that methods of testing shall be similar in all essentials to those developed in Dominion Government laboratories.

Samples must be at least 4 ounces and not more than 6 ounces. Line Elevator agents will provide envelopes and send the samples in to Line Elevators Farm Service, Winnipeg.

## CLEAN OUT YOUR CLOTHES CLOSETS!

• 125 million people in western European countries in desperate need of spare clothing. Look through your closets and attic. Get out all the serviceable used clothing you can spare. Put it to work.

For full information, call (name of Local Committee Chairman or member.)

WHAT CAN YOU SPARE  
THAT THEY CAN WEAR?

NATIONAL  
CLOTHING COLLECTION

**OCT. 1 to 20**

## WORLD FOOD and the PRAIRIE FARMER

By Dean R. D. Sinclair

### HOGS, SHEEP AND POULTRY

The remarkable increase which took place in the hog production of hogs in the Prairie Provinces between the years 1939 and 1944 confirms a belief that has been prevalent, namely that western Canada is a natural swine-raising area. Our coarse grains are well adapted to the production of bacon hogs. It seems logical to convert these grains into pork products in the part of Canada where they are produced and thus save a long haul on a bulky product.

The pigs which have been raised on prairie farms during the war years have contributed the bulk of the bacon which has been shipped to Great Britain under agreements between the British Ministry of Food and the Govt. of Canada. It is to be hoped that a sizable contract can be maintained with Britain during the post-war years and that western farmers will maintain production at a level that will enable us to hold our position on a market that is subject to keen competition. Pig production should be one of the strong links in our agricultural chain.

While the individual farmer must decide, under his own conditions, what part pig raising is going to play in his farming scheme, it is a fact that over a period of 25 years pigs have created a profitable outlet for farm grown grains. Bacon is a food product that is likely to be readily cured and shipped long distances. It is very manageable meat product.

We must strive to improve the quality of our western hogs. Lean pork will be more important than fat when the extreme wartime shortage of fat is relieved. At the same time it will be important to lower our cost of production as much as possible. This may be done by using tested breeding stock, utilizing labour saving equipment, and following the most approved methods of feeding.

Considerable areas in the Prairie Provinces are well suited to sheep ranching and abandoned lands which have been reseeded or are reverting back to grass can be utilized to good advantage by sheep flocks. Farm flocks, in the mixed farming areas, have supplied a valuable addition to the annual income. The per capita consumption of lamb in Canada is low—from 5 to 6 pounds per person per year. It should be possible to increase this without affecting the consumption of other meats and thus make possible the establishment of additional farm flocks. An increase of one pound per person would create a market for an additional 250,000 lambs. The use of rams of good type, careful attention to docking and castrating, marketing at proper weights and finish will assure Canadians a very acceptable meat product.

Our poultry flocks have contributed substantially to Empire food supplies during recent emergency years. As in the case of swine production, we have reached a new high and have demonstrated that prairie farms can produce eggs and poultry meat in volume. The importance of poultry in converting farm grains into "protective foods" is not properly appreciated. On the basis of 1940 performance it is estimated that the poultry of the three prairie provinces consumed approximately 40,000,000 bushels of grain. While some reduction in the size of our flocks may be necessary when European countries get back into production, we should be able to look forward to the farm flocks constituting a dependable source of supplementary revenue.

The pig business is big business in western Canada. Sheep and poultry add a sizable sum to the farm income. On many farms pigs, sheep and poultry have not been quite fairly treated from the standpoint of buildings and equipment. They have been waiting for better days and have been getting along with makeshifts. Some of the revenue obtained from these classes of stock has been invested in Victory Bonds. These savings will serve as financial backing for the building of new pigeries or farrowing houses, more suitable lambing quarters, or more modern poultry facilities when materials become available. Such improvements will add to the appearance and value of the farmstead and pay for themselves in the long run.

## We had it before... LET'S NOT HAVE IT AGAIN!



## The Worst Inflation came after the last war NOW is the Real Testing time ...

Victory has been won on the battle front—but we must not relax our efforts if we are to continue to avoid the evils of inflation and deflation.

We are rapidly moving towards the day when shortages will be overcome—but reconversion takes time.

The danger of inflation, and its black shadow—deflation—will last as long as goods are not enough to meet demands.

The ending of the war brings the temptation to scramble for things we've been without, and to offer to pay any price to get them.

That's the way inflation gets started. Inflation with its soaring cost of living is bad enough.

But inflation is always followed by deflation with its falling prices, bankrupt businesses, unemployment and distress. Deflation would be a calamity that would involve every man, woman and child in Canada.

The only controls that are being maintained are those that aid the production of needed supplies and their speedy and fair distribution to the public, and which prevent an inflationary price rise.

As soon as conditions warrant, these will be dropped.

Until industry gets back to normal production, price ceilings, rationing and some controls are a necessary safeguard for everyone of us.

Keep them working.

## IT'S YOUR JOB AND YOUR SAVINGS THAT ARE AT STAKE

This advertisement is one of a series being issued by the Government of Canada to emphasize the importance of preventing a further increase in the cost of living now and deflation and unemployment later.

### DAIRY AND BEEF PRODUCTION

Any plan designed to feed people properly and thus contribute to the peace of the world will give a prominent place to the dairy cow and the dairy industry. Milk butter and cheese and other dairy products have been more highly appreciated than ever during the recent war years, and nutrition authorities stress the importance of maintaining the dairy industry at a high level during the years that lie ahead.

The Prairie Provinces have not been regarded as a great dairy producing area but the fact remains that marked increases have taken place in the output in all dairy products during the past thirty years. The performance during the period of the present war indicates the possibilities of dairying in a territory mainly thought of as contributing to world grain supplies. We have nothing to fear in the matter of quality of our creamery butter. In competition with butter from other parts of Canada western grades high.

Large areas of the West are well suited to mixed farming. Good farm practice in these sections suggests the growing of forage and greenfeed crops and coarse grains and our history has shown that the marketing of these through the dairy cow has provided a dependable revenue. Creameries and, to some extent, cheese factories have been established at strategic locations and around these have grown stable and enterprising communities.

The natural increase in our population will lead to a steady upward trend in whole milk consumption. Butter produced in western creameries should meet with a steady demand. A start has been made in the dehydration of milk and we could, if called upon, make a reasonable contribution to world

supplies of concentrated dairy products. It would seem reasonable that we may look forward to a steady growth in prairie dairying.

Beef has been a staple product of our western agricultural. Certain sections of the Prairie Provinces have been earmarked by nature as cattle grazing grounds. The turning over with the plow of certain of these lands has been proved a mistake and much of the damage that was done has been repaired through the reseeded of blowout and abandoned areas. Cattle ranching will remain a permanent part of our beef-producing scheme.

The conditions which were mentioned earlier as favouring dairying, particularly of the "creamery" type, also lend support to the development of beef production. The mixed farming areas provide a volume of pasture and roughage which can be combined with coarse grains in the growing and finishing of beef. Cattle raised in these parts of the country may be finished on the home farms and in addition feeding areas which utilize farm-grown feed to farm finished cattle produced on the range lands have been developed. Experience has shown that cattle finishing, when carried on as a regular enterprise has created a profitable market for pasture and roughage and has a means of marketing grains at higher prices than would be obtained on the cash grain market.

Western Canadian range cattle have established a reputation for quality. Cattle from the farming areas, particularly from those farms where they are raised in small numbers, have not reached the same standard. To high a percentage fall into the lower grade. There is need for improvement in type and finish. Improvement in type can only be brought about through the constant use of good sires and better finish by means

of marketing more grain in the form of good beef.

Good breeding, proper feeding, and the use of convenient equipment are factors which we must stress in the development of our beef and dairy enterprises. In many cases in the past a shortage of money has made it difficult to buy good sires or install labour saving equipment. It was often necessary to "cash in" on grain rather than hold it for feeding. Investments which dairy and beef producers have made in the form of Victory Bonds should provide an opportunity to purchase better sires and bring about other improvements in their production programme during the next few years. Now is the time to consolidate our position and press forward with the job of placing on the market beef and dairy products of the best quality.

### FARMERS URGED TO WRITE TO OTTAWA

By Major Strange

This "World of Wheat" column in the last two issues has drawn attention to the greatly increased income that has come to prairie farmers from the new varieties of wheat, oats, barley and flax that have been created and produced by the Dominion Experimental Farms, the Rust Research Laboratory and our Prairie Universities.

I am obliged myself to come to the most definite conclusion, however, that this work of providing additional valuable and money-making varieties for our prairie farmers could be stepped up if larger grants were to be allocated by Parliament to the Dominion Experimental Farms and to the Rust Research Laboratory. Parliament is now in session, and I suggest that if any farmers, or any other persons reading this column, agree with this view, that they could

do a great deal of good for themselves and their fellow farmers if they would simply write a letter to their Dominion Member of Parliament, or to the Hon. Mr. Gardiner Minister of Agriculture, Ottawa, requesting that increased grants should be made available this session to the Dominion Experimental Farms and to the Rust Research Laboratory. I am convinced myself that this about the only way that such necessary grants can be obtained, but I am sure they can be obtained if as many farmers as possible would write such letters at once to Ottawa.

### VALUE OF WHEAT BOARD

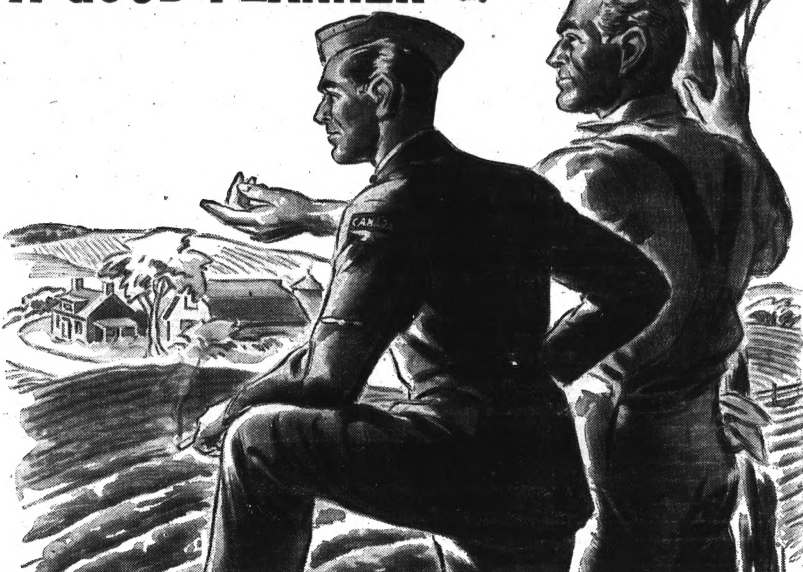
The operations of the Canadian Wheat Board have been of inestimable value to wheat producers during the war years. During most of those years the surplus was extremely burdensome, reaching at one time the enormous total of six hundred million bushels. Nevertheless the wheat board was able to store this grain until the time came when it was needed and sales could be effected. The money received from such sales did not go into the hands of speculators but went direct to farmers in the form of final payments of participation certificates.

The Canadian Wheat Board was set up only after long agitation by the Canadian Wheat Pools and farm organizations in the prairie provinces. The one achievement of obtaining the wheat board was worth hundreds of millions of dollars to the wheat producers of Western Canada.—Wheat Pool Budget.

"I think Ottawa is one of the coming capitals of the world because Canada has gained great stature during the war period by her help to the United Nations cause."—Hon. Pedro Castelblanco.



# A GOOD FARMER IS A GOOD PLANNER



It's the man who looks ahead who gets ahead.

GOOD management . . . essential to successful farming, as to any business enterprise . . . is largely a matter of timely marketing and careful spending . . . waiting for the time when it is most favourable to buy.

We all want things now . . . things we have not been able to get for the past several years. Some of these things are necessities . . . some are things that will contribute to our comforts and pleasures.

Eventually, these things will be more plentiful. By waiting a little longer we will help to keep prices of things we need at lower levels and we will buy at better advantage when we do buy.

Meantime we can invest our savings in the safest securities obtainable . . . Victory Bonds. More Victory Bonds will be offered this Fall. They pay 3% interest . . . double bank interest . . . and they are "liquid capital".

If we need cash in an emergency any bank will buy Victory Bonds at any time. And any bank will loan money on Victory Bonds.

The Ninth Victory Loan will be our last opportunity to buy Victory Bonds for a whole year, so buy double this time—the same rate of savings as in previous loans will pay for twice as many bonds over the 12 month period.

## FARMERS CAN BUY VICTORY BONDS ON CONVENIENT DEFERRED PAYMENTS THROUGH ANY BANK

... just sign a short form letter which Victory Loan Salesmen carry (banks have copies) ordering the bank to buy Victory Bonds for you. Pay 5% when ordering and the balance at any time during the next 12 months. The interest the bonds earn pays the interest on the bank loan.

NATIONAL WAR FINANCE COMMITTEE

## NEW VARIETIES IN THE MAKING

By Major Strange,  
Searle Gran Co.

Many new varieties of wheats, oats and barleys, peas and flax are in the making, and as soon as they have proved by test that they are up to the required high standards of high quality they will be released and made available to our farmers.

I have just seen many hundreds of plots of new crosses and selections growing in controlled test plots at the various Dominion Experimental Farms, at our Prairie Universities and at the Dominion Rust Research Laboratory. I have seen varieties which hold the promise of being earlier in maturity, stiffer in the straw, larger kernelled, more resistant to rust and other diseases, and some wheat selections even resistant to sawflies.

It was an inspiring and remarkable sight, and was a glowing tribute to the splendid system of plant breeding we have designed, and are using, in Canada to produce constantly newer and better varieties for the benefit of our farmers.

All of us already owe a great debt of gratitude to our talented plant breeders for the production of superior varieties now in com-

mon use. This debt will be greatly increased in the future when some of the better varieties have finally proved themselves and are licensed and released. In a few years, I confidently predict, we shall see new varieties that will reduce costs of production and make farming less hazardous.

## WHEN A HORSE FOUNDERS

When horses founder, they manifest sudden stiffness, lameness, and a tendency to place their forefeet out in front, so that they rest or pouring cool water over the feet placed somewhat forward under the body. This condition is due to blood congestion in the feet, say veterinary authorities, and requires prompt treatment if permanent damage is to be prevented. First aid measures recommended are standing the horse in running water or pouring cool water over the feet, or applying finely-crushed ice packs to the feet. A veterinarian should take charge of the case as soon as possible, because the speed with which remedial measures can be applied largely affects the extent of recovery.

A small want ad in this paper does big work.

## FRIENDSHIP IS A GOLDEN CHARM

When evening draws her shadows round  
And lights the sky with stars,  
I sit before my fireside  
To dream of friends afar.  
I often scan my photographs  
To see the by-gone days;  
We skipped and sang, played hide  
'n seek  
And learned the growups' ways.

But now since I have older grown  
And left those years behind,  
I've gained a husband and a babe—  
The very sweetest kind.  
I bake and stir and wash and mend  
For these my precious pair,  
When night folds down on earth  
and trees  
You'll see us gathered there.

My mind drifts back to my home town  
Where friends are true and dear,  
You venture in at ten or six,  
No coolness falters here;  
They say "Sit down and stay  
awhile,  
Let's chatter, dance or sing,  
We'll make some fudge and pop  
some corn."  
The halls and chambers ring.

You never find a home that's "cold"  
Where folks just sit and sneer  
Or say "She's much too homely,"  
Or "He's too poor for here."  
They never talk behind your back  
Nor tell a foolish tale,  
They wouldn't pass you on the street  
Without a word or hail.

The type of folks I envy most  
Are friendly, meek and grand,  
For when a man's in trouble  
They'll lend a helping hand:  
They often say "Jump in with us,  
Enjoy an evening's ride,  
We've worked all day and earned  
our pay  
Now cares are cast aside."

I pray that when our little child  
Grows big and bold and strong  
That he will be the humble kind  
And voice a noble song:  
For there is gold in any man  
And beauty in his person.  
The chap that cannot claim all these  
Deserves a devil's cursin'.  
Mrs. Ambrose Beckett, Rodino

## THE WORLD OF WHEAT By H. G. L. Strange.

### THE PRICE OF WHEAT

The Minister of Trade and Commerce has announced in the House of Commons that the Govt. undertakes that for the next five years producers will receive not less than \$1.00 a bushel for wheat basis 1 Northern in store Fort William, Port Arthur or Vancouver, on the authorized deliveries for each crop year, and that the Govt. has instructed the Wheat Board to offer Canadian wheat for export overseas at prices not higher than the current export price of \$1.55 a bushel.

This action of the Government has met with both approval and criticism. It seems, however, that any Government that attempts to set the price of an export commodity is entitled to a great deal of sympathy, for they are faced with three difficulties, each of which pulls them in a different direction. First, to set a price that will be satisfactory to producers; secondly, to set a price that will be satisfactory to consumers and that consumers are willing and able to pay so that they will not be included to grow their own wheat; and thirdly, to set a price so that the taxpayer may not have to pay too much should a loss come about on the buying and selling operations.

The whole matter is bound up with enumerable international complications and conditions over which no one in Canada has much if any control.

"We have had ample proof of the immensity of the airplane's destructive power. We count upon it now that aircraft will give an equally clear proof of their ability to play a large part in the creation of a happier, a more enlightened and a more unified world."  
—Edward G. Warner.

"I am not in favor of criticizing the government too severely for its failure to provide a post-war plan because after all these are the people which the citizens of this democratic country of ours have elected as their representatives."  
—A. R. Mosher.

## Dispersal Sale

OF 75 REGISTERED

## Herefords

REAL PRINCE DOMINO  
BREEDING

Also a full line of Farm Machinery including a 70 Cockshutt Tractor, 32-Volt Electric Washer.

SEE POSTERS

At the STOCKWELL FARM  
3 miles south and 3 miles east of IRMA, Alberta

Mon. Oct. 15th

Commencing at 10.00 a.m.

CATTLE TO BE SOLD AFTER  
DINNER

Write for Catalogue

A. E. BLAKLEY, Owner

J. W. DURNO, Auctioneer  
License No. 39-45-46, Calgary

GORDON STALKER, Auctioneer,  
License No. 12-45-46, Viking

## Cash Auction Sale

On the farm of  
MR. JAMES STEAD  
3 miles east and 3 north of IRMA  
SW 7-46-8-4

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 10th

Commencing at 1:00 p.m.

Lunch served, bring cups and sugar

### LIVESTOCK

Three head of horses; 6 cows;  
30 chickens, 5 turkeys.

### MACHINERY

Full line of farm machinery including 8 ft. binder, 3 plows, drills, wagon, sleighs, etc.

### HOUSEHOLD

Cook stove, heater, dining room table, beds, sewing machine, chairs, utensils, etc.

### MISCELLANEOUS

Three granaries, 22 rifle, tools, car trailer, cream separator, bench saw with pulley, and numerous other articles.

GORDON STALKER, Auctioneer  
License No. 12-45-46  
J. Fletcher, clerk.

### A WORD OF WARNING

The Iowa farm Economist, published by the Iowa State College, says, "The test of good financial management by farm families will come during the post war period. Wise use of savings will result in surplus money going in bond buying and otherervative investments and paying off debts. Contracting of large, long-term debts will be avoided."

"An important point to keep in mind is that net farm income for the present war period has very likely passed its peak. This very suggest that every farm family should carefully consider their ability to repay obligations before taking on more debts."

"I say that the price which has been paid is a small price when one realizes that today we are enjoying liberty and freedom."  
—Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King.



NATIONAL  
CLOTHING  
COLLECTION



THE DAILY PROBLEM OF THIS youngster it to get his head, arms and legs through the right holes in his only garment. It's a common problem for millions of men, women and children in the liberated countries of Europe. You can help them by contributing serviceable used clothing to the National Clothing Collection drive sponsored by the Canadian United Allied Relief Fund and scheduled for October 1-20. Under the national chairmanship of W. M. Birks of Montreal, a committee is being set up in every Canadian centre and distribution in Europe will be under the direction of UNRRA experts.

THIN STRONG PAPER - NONE FINER MADE

# Chantecler

CIGARETTE PAPERS

DOUBLE AUTOMATIC BOOKLET

## Wheat In Canada.

WESTERN CANADA has long been famous for the production of a large share of the world's finest wheat. The first crops were sown by the Selkirk settlers, who came here from Scotland via Hudson Bay and York Factory in 1814 to colonize land secured by Lord Selkirk from the Hudson's Bay Company. As the West was settled and transportation facilities were developed the annual wheat crop increased steadily. In the year 1849 it was estimated that 6,000 acres were sown in wheat. By 1880 the crop amounted to over 32,000,000 bushels annually, and these figures continued to rise until the present time, when they have reached the hundreds of millions. The soil and climate of Western Canada are favourable for growing the finest quality of wheat in the world, but there have been obstacles to overcome in the form of rust, insects, frost and numerous other difficulties.

### Obstacles Have Been Overcome

These, and other factors which have interfered with the success of wheat growing here have been eliminated or overcome through the efforts of farmers and others interested in the future of agriculture. Outstanding among the contributions which have been made to the success of this work are the findings of Dr. Wm. Saunders, the first Director of the Dominion Government Experimental Station at Ottawa, and his two sons, C. E. and A. P. Saunders. Through their efforts Marquis wheat was developed, and this early-maturing variety, which is ready for harvest before the early frosts have been widely used since it was introduced in 1905. This and many other such discoveries have helped to make the wheat crop from the Prairie Provinces one of the foremost Canadian industries and an important factor in world food supplies both in peace and war.

### More Acreage Now In Wheat

During the past few years, farmers on the Prairies have been encouraged to produce hogs rather than wheat, to meet the needs of Britain and other countries whose normal sources of supply had been cut off because of the war. Hog production was sharply increased to enable Canada to meet her commitments for foreign markets, but recent figures issued by the Dominion Government show that the Western farmers are now returning to wheat, their surest and most satisfactory crop. In Saskatchewan the acreage sown in wheat this year was three per cent. higher than in 1944, and in Alberta it was increased by a little more than one per cent. In Manitoba there was no increase in the amount of wheat which was planted, but the acreage sown in other grain crops was higher. In all three provinces hog production showed a marked decline. Nutritionalists and others concerned with world food supplies at the present time do not view with concern these indications that wheat in once more to be Western Canada's largest crop, for they are of the opinion that during the next few years there will be need for all the wheat which can be produced to meet the world's food requirements.

### The Wool Clip

#### Western Canada Shows Marked Improvement This Year

According to the first reports, the 1945 domestic clips of Western Canada show a marked improvement over 1944 in the preparation of individual fleeces, states the Current Review of Agricultural Conditions in Canada. The Bright grades come mostly from British Columbia and Manitoba, where more favourable conditions of moisture played a major role. Saskatchewan and Alberta domestic wools appear to run more to the semi-Bright grades because of greater earth content and consequent lower yield. However, after scouring, the actual fibre is comparable with the Bright fibre.

Eastern domestic wools will probably grade better than in 1944, with a somewhat lighter shrinkage, says the Review.

The total weight of fleece wool graded in registered wool warehouses in 1944 amounts to 10,553,243 lbs., an increase of 167,641 lbs. over 1943.

### GEMS OF THOUGHT

#### FORTITUDE

Fortitude I take to be the quiet possession of a man's self, and an undisturbed doing his duty whatever evils beset, or dangers lie in the way. —John Locke.

Let us have faith that right makes might, and in that faith let us do to our duty as we understand it. —Abraham Lincoln.

Our great War-shower, steadfast to the end in his obedience to God's laws, demonstrated for all time and peoples the supremacy of good over evil, and the superiority of Spirit over matter. —Mary Baker Eddy.

Let us not be weary in well doing: for in due season we shall reap, if we faint not. —Galatians 6:9.

There is a strength of quiet endurance as significant of courage as the most daring feats of prowess. —Henry Theodore Tuckerman.

A man may fall into a thousand perplexities, but if his heart be upright and his intelligence unclouded, he will issue from them all without dishonor. —Robert Louis Stevenson.

### HEMORRHOIDS

#### 2 Special Remedies by the Makers of Moxa Ointment

Moxa File Remedy No. 1 is for Prolapsed Hemorrhoids, and is sold in Tube, with pipe, for internal application. Moxa File Remedy No. 2 is for External Hemorrhoids, sold in Jar, and is for External Application. Price \$1.00. Order by number from your Druggist.

## Price Control And Rationing Information

Q—I have just returned from overseas and am on thirty-day leave. Ration coupons were issued to be for all rationed foods, except meat. Now that meat has been included in the list of rationed foods, will I be able to obtain coupons for meat?

A—Yes. Meat coupons will be issued to service personnel on leave by the local ration boards who received temporary ration cards prior to meat rationing. You must present your ration card when making application for these coupons.

Q—Must beef rings register with their local ration boards?

A—All beef rings must register as such with the local ration boards. All regulations controlling their operations will be given to them when they apply for registration.

Q—How often do meat coupons become valid?

A—Meat coupons will become valid every Thursday and will remain valid until otherwise directed.

Q—My husband is expected home from overseas next month. Can I get sugar for canning coupons for him so that I may put up extra preserves for the winter when he will be home?

A—Yes, if your husband is discharged and applies for a ration book before October 31st, 1945, 20 additional preserves coupons will be issued to him in his ration book 5.

Please send your questions or your request for the pamphlet, "Consumers' News" or the Blue-Book in which you keep track of your coupon prices, mentioning the name of this paper to the nearest Wartime Prices and Trade Board office in your province.

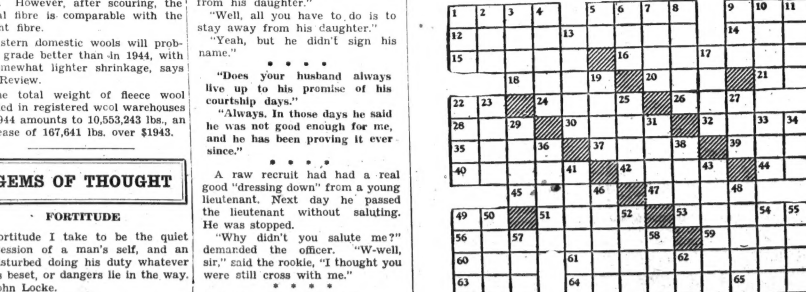
### Showed Their Loyalty

#### People of Northern Ireland Played Important Part In War

Today the Government of Northern Ireland continues to function, notwithstanding all the woes and devices of its enemies, and the Province has played a highly important part in the war with Germany, now victorious. Mr. Winston Churchill and other British Ministers of the Crown have paid public tributes to the services rendered by Ulster, the possession of whose harbours, apart from other considerations, has been of the utmost value to Britain in combating the submarine menace. The brutal and vicious air raids carried out over Belfast and neighboring cities in 1941 bore witness to the Nazi recognition that Ulster areas was among the most redoubtable adversaries of Germany. The constancy and resolution of the people of the Province has remained unshaken under all the storms of adversity and their loyalty has not wavered or diminished with the passing of the years. —Belfast Telegraph.

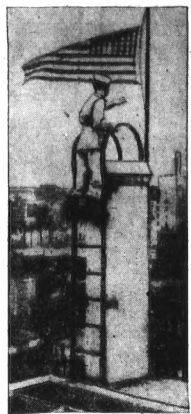
## X-X OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE X-X

No. 4956



- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <p><b>HORIZONTAL</b></p> <p>1 Persian poet</p> <p>5 Part of a church</p> <p>9 Ditch</p> <p>12 Superior to all others</p> <p>14 Man's name</p> <p>15 Malice</p> <p>16 Piece of a wound</p> <p>18 Lofly</p> <p>19 Pike-like fish</p> <p>21 Spanish for "to be"</p> <p>22 Conjunction</p> <p>24 Mislead</p> <p>26 Total</p> <p>28 Tier</p> <p>30 Understands</p> <p>32 To put up with</p> <p>35 Non-pro-fessional</p> <p>37 City in Nevada</p> <p>39 Pronoun</p> <p>40 To follow</p> <p>42 Long up-right timber</p> <p>44 Paid notice</p> <p>45 Is mistaken</p> <p>46 "South American river"</p> <p>49 By</p> <p>51 To hit lightly</p> | <p><b>VERTICAL</b></p> <p>13 The thigh</p> <p>17 To beat</p> <p>19 Belgian river</p> <p>21 Plan</p> <p>23 Solo</p> <p>24 Nocturnal carnivore</p> <p>25 Indo-Chinese language</p> <p>26 Slang: inn</p> <p>27 Frolicsome</p> <p>29 Brattle</p> <p>31 To break sharply</p> <p>32 Sanction</p> <p>34 Bar</p> <p>36 Checks</p> <p>38 Glacial ridges</p> <p>41 Breaks out violently</p> <p>43 Rubbish</p> <p>46 To expel from the nostrils</p> <p>48 Subsequent to</p> <p>49 Armadillo</p> <p>50 Ancient Irish capital</p> <p>52 Woody plant</p> <p>54 Ripped</p> <p>55 Avers</p> <p>57 To mend</p> <p>58 Sallor</p> <p>62 Symbol for cerium</p> |
|---|--|

Answer to No. 4955



STRIPES OVER TOKYO — The American flag, first to fly over Tokyo since the Japanese surrender, is raised over the Nippon News Building in downtown Tokyo by an army lieutenant.

### For Eggs That Keep

#### New Machine For Sterilizing Still In Experimental Stage

Still experimental, and possibly in need of a radio waveband for operation, is a high-frequency machine for sterilizing eggs, under development at the University of California farm, Davis, Calif. In principle, somewhere between radio and diathermy, the device uses oscillations that cook an egg hard in about nine minutes, but with only a ten-second exposure, the egg germ is killed, giving better keeping quality; certain bacteria on the shell are also destroyed; the egg's albumen is slightly stiffened, so that when broken in the pan, the yolk stands out above it. If brought to a commercial stage, the machine probably would improve keeping quality, and appearance of eggs, and fit in with oil preservation. Experts are not ready to make claims. —Brandon Sun.

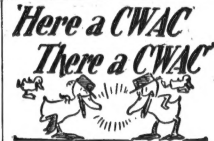
### Will Be Long Job

#### Clearing German Land Mines From Normandy And Brittany Reaches Between six and seven million unexploded German land mines are still hidden in the fertile fields and sandy beaches of Normandy and Brittany.

Since D-Day an average of 200 people, including many children, have been killed each month by German mines.

Aug. 1, only one-tenth had been removed by French workmen and German prisoners of war trained by United States sappers. The dangerous job will not be finished before 1947.

An overheated motor may be due to a loose fan belt. The belt should be examined and adjusted occasionally.



### MEET A CWAC—

"I'm Beginning To See The Light" should be the theme song of all Night Vision Testers according to S/Sgt. Eddie Pollock of Virdon, Manitoba, after his experience with this type of work in various camps. S/Sgt. (Poly) Pollock, a former school teacher at Prince Albert and Cupar, Sask., enlisted in the Canadian Women's Army Corps at Regina, Sask., in March, 1943. After receiving her basic training at Vermilion, Alta., in how to use their night vision, S/Sgt. Pollock attended a Canadian Army Administrative Course at Kemptonville, Ont. In July of the same year she proceeded to Toronto to take up her duties as a Night Vision Tester at the College of Optometry; at the completion of which, she was posted to the Night Vision Unit at Debert Transit Camp, Nova Scotia. "My work in Night Vision is very far from the interesting, and I also feel the most useful of any work I have done during my army career," states S/Sgt. Pollock. "It was gratifying to know that we were able to help the men, who were proceeding directly overseas from Debert, and perhaps in some instances be the means of saving their lives by instructing them in the use of their night vision to the best advantage." Poly described the Night Vision Unit at Debert as consisting of two complete units with a staff of seven CWACs. They gave lectures and tested as many as 276 men in one day. The lecture was generally given to a class of about 20 and lasted about 45 minutes, after which every man's vision was tested individually, and graded according to his ability to see in the dark. Leaving Debert in July, 1945, S/Sgt. Pollock was posted to the Night Vision Unit at Camp Shilo, Man. She is at present with No. 112 Depot Coy., C.W.A.C., Regina, awaiting her return to civilian street.

### CWAC TAKE OVER PIED PIPER'S HOME—

Education tours of Germany in the area in which they are working, are now under way for members of the Canadian Women's Army Corps stationed in Germany. These tours, arranged by the Canadian Army Educational Service, have been greeted with enthusiasm by the Army girls and already many off-duty hours have been spent in visiting the neighbourhoods of the first trip to be attended by the CWAC led to the quaint old town of Hameln, home of the famous Pied Piper. The lovely old stone house, once said to be occupied by the Pied Piper, has been taken over by British troops. The next jaunt was to Porta, near Minden, where a commercial engineer from Holland conducted C.W.A.C. sight-seers through the Philips Electrical Underground Plant. Further tours have been planned.

### "HEROINES OF WAR"

Captain Beatrice D. Munroe's play entitled "Heroines of War", won the award given by the Canadian Daughter's League, Regina, Sask. The award was offered for the best play written by a Saskatchewan person, preferably with a Saskatchewan locale. It dealt with army life as the girls know it. With a cast of six CWACs, the action takes place in barracks, and might be staged in any cubicle. Captain Munroe, herself, has had a very interesting career. Prior to the war she was an actress on an English stage for seven years. She has also done sales promotion work in Egypt and was about to leave for India when war broke out. Immediately prior to enlisting in the Canadian Women's Army Corps she was in the West Indies. She came to Canada from there and entered the Corps in a commissioned rank. Since then she has been stationed variously in Toronto, Estero and Regina. At present she is officer commanding No. 21 Admin. Unit, C.W.A.C., Dundurn Military Camp, Dundurn, Sask.

SHELL SAY IT EVERYTIME—Pie. Buttermilk? What are your post-war plans?

Pie. Penelope (extending third finger of left hand) Banna.

### An Honest Man

Stranger Returned Large Sum Which Bank Overpaid

It happened in a bank not very far from St. Thomas.

There was a long queue at the cage and the teller was as busy as could be. Among the cheques he cashed were several for large amounts. That night when he came to balance his cash he was exactly \$1,000 short.

Next morning a man who was quite a stranger, who lived in a city some miles away, came into the bank. "You gave me \$1,000 too much yesterday," he said. "I did not count it until I got home. I thought you would be worried about it, so I brought it back."

He was a Jew.

—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

## SINUS PAIN

Relieved Fast This Easy Way!

Put a few drops of Vicks Vapo-r-nol up each nostril and feel it go to work driving quick, soothing relief from miserable sinus pain.

→ VICKS VAPOR-NOL

### Clothing Collection

For Distribution Among The Destitute People In War-Stricken Countries

The National Clothing Collection is a united effort on the part of Canadian United Allied Relief Fund, and UNRRA (United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration) with the assistance of national, provincial and local organizations throughout Canada. The purpose of the Collection is to secure spare used clothing for free distribution to needy war-stricken children, men and women in war-devastated Allied countries.

Throughout war-ravaged areas clothing is very scarce, or threadbare and worn out. More than 125,000,000 people in liberated European nations are in dire need. Of these more than 30,000,000 are children. Because Canada is dependent on outside sources for many of her necessities and her requirements of yarn and fabrics, it would not be possible to manufacture in Canada more than a very insignificant part of the total clothing requirements of these people. This means that needy children, men and women in war-devastated Allied countries must depend on the help of the Canadian people through their donations of used clothing which can be spared without replacement.

In a report on the work being done by UNRRA, President Roosevelt said on September 30th, 1944: "Millions of people do not have enough clothes to keep them warm... in occupied Europe almost as many people have died from exposure due to lack of adequate clothing as have died from starvation."

The Canadian public will be asked to contribute in this campaign only such serviceable used clothing as can be spared from their wardrobes without replacement.

What is needed is used clothing for both winter and summer wear. Although clothing need not be in perfect repair, it must be useful to the people who will receive it. All types of washable garments should be washed before they are given to the collection, but need not be ironed. Other garments should be clean and sanitary, but need not be dry-cleaned before being contributed.

Used clothing to be collected:

Men's, women's, children's suits; coats, skirts, trousers; women's dresses; women's blouses; women's sport coats; men's, women's, children's overcoats; jackets in all sizes; scarves, shawls; footwear (fastened firmly in pairs); blankets.

### Big Ben A Symbol

French Airman Says Chimes Gave People Comfort And Strength

The following letter appeared in the London Daily Sketch:

Sir,—For countless Frenchmen like myself your famous Big Ben at Westminster will have a stirring emotional effect for many years after this European War.

I was a French airman at the time my country collapsed. Then I went underground as a member of the Resistance Movement.

During those years of German occupation the chiming of Big Ben on our hidden radio night after night gave us comfort and strength. As long as we heard them we knew that Liberty was not dead. For Europe Big Ben was the symbol of hope.

Recently I came to London. The first thing I wanted to see was Big Ben. It gave me the most moving moment of my visit.

Paris PAUL VERDHOIS.

### CARING FOR GRAVES

Thirty-one mothers, residents of Malta, have pledged themselves to care for the graves of 30 Canadians who gave their lives in the defence of Malta, and who lie buried in the second great war cemetery in the island fortress. The graves will be kept sodden green and planted with flowers. This was revealed by John Gormaine, vice-president of the Maltese Society of Toronto.

### TOUCH OF IRONY

General MacArthur showed more than a delicate touch of irony in naming "Bataan" as the password to secure admission of the Japanese representatives to the conference at Manila on terms of surrender.

WHY HAVE SORE FEET?

JUST RUB IN

MINARD'S

THE "PAIN" LINIMENT

### SMILE AWHILE

Farmer: "Well, Pat, have ye counted all the sheep?"

Pat: "Yes, sir, all except one, but he ran around so much I couldn't count him."

"See this stickpin? Well, it once belonged to a millionaire."

"And who is the millionaire?"

"Well, that's very early isn't it?"

"Boy, I'm scared! I just got a letter from a man telling me he'd shoot me if I didn't stay away from his daughter."

"Well, all you have to do is to stay away from his daughter."

"Yeah, but he didn't sign his name."

"Does your husband always live up to his promise of his courtship days?"

"Always. In those days he said he was not good enough for me, and he has been proving it ever since."

A raw recruit had had a real good "dressing down" from a young lieutenant. Next day he passed the lieutenant without saluting. He was stopped.

"Why didn't you salute me?" demanded the officer. "Well, sir," said the rookie, "I thought you were still cross with me."

"What time do you get up in the morning, now?"

"As soon as the first rays of the sun enter my window."

"Well, that's very early isn't it?"

"Oh, no. You see my window faces the west."

An Irish truck driver was charged with reckless driving and with having stopped his truck so suddenly that a car behind him smashed into him. The judge asked him why he had not held out his hand.

Pat immediately answered: "If the poor fool couldn't see me truck, how in Hivva's name could he see me hand?"

A visiting speaker to an orphan's home was called upon to address the children. Thinking to be facetious, he asked this question: "What would you do before so many bright boys and girls who expected a speech from him, if you had nothing to say?"

A small boy spoke up: "I'd keep quiet."

The world's largest exporter of coffee is Brazil.



## EVERYONE CAN HELP

## Canadians Are Asked To Contribute Clothing For Devastated Countries

When people on the verge of starvation make a plan for clothing rather than food, it is evident that they must be in dire need. But that is the plea which has come to the North American Continent on behalf of 125,000,000 people who are today suffering from lack of covering in the liberated countries of Europe. Of this total some 30,000,000 are children, and because of the absence of clothing and shoes thousands of them are being laid low by disease. Their condition when the cold, wet winter arrives can easily be imagined.

The people of Canada, because of their geographical situation, were saved from the horrors of invasion by a ruthless enemy. It is now their privilege and duty to supply as much used clothing as possible to the unfortunate people who suffered this terrible calamity. A dozen war relief organizations in Canada have joined together under the title of the Canadian United Allied Relief Fund to sponsor on behalf of UNRRA a national clothing collection throughout the Dominion, from October 1 to October 20.

William M. Birks, of Montreal, is chairman of this campaign, with Hon. Thomas V. P.C., K.C., Speaker of the Senate, as vice-chairman, and Dr. Lawrence J. Burpee as honorary secretary-treasurer. A strong national committee is being set up to organize clothing collection drives in every community in Canada, with the objective of securing ten million pounds of clothing for the children, women and men of the liberated countries.

Herbert H. Lehman, director general of the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration, stated recently that the need is so great in some of the devastated countries that the people there are asking that property be given in clothing rather than in food, even though they are on the verge of starvation. "That shows," he says, "how dire is the need for clothing, and with textile shortages for non-military materials in Canada as in the United States and Great Britain, the only way to fill a fraction of the need overseas is to ask civilians here to contribute to the clothing drive of the National Clothing Collection."

Details of the campaign will be published in the press from time to time as organization proceeds. In the meanwhile every Canadian citizen can look over his or her wardrobe and get ready for the collection when it comes.

## Britain's Prime Minister

## Is Fond Of Games But Dislikes Shooting A Sport

Clement Attlee's recreations are typical of the middle-class Englishman. He plays a good game of golf and a tricky game of tennis. He likes to play chess and is crazy about bridge, which he regularly plays with a bunch of cronies. Attlee's dislike of "blood sports" once cropped up at the American Embassy, where he and other labor party leaders had been invited to dinner. Our Ambassador at that time was a great grouse shooter and in order to make conversation asked Attlee if he had done any "shooting".

"Oh, yes," said Attlee. "I used to do a lot of it."

"What did you shoot?" asked the American Ambassador.

"Germans," responded Attlee.

Attlee served with distinction in a line regiment throughout the First World War.

## Has Its Benefits

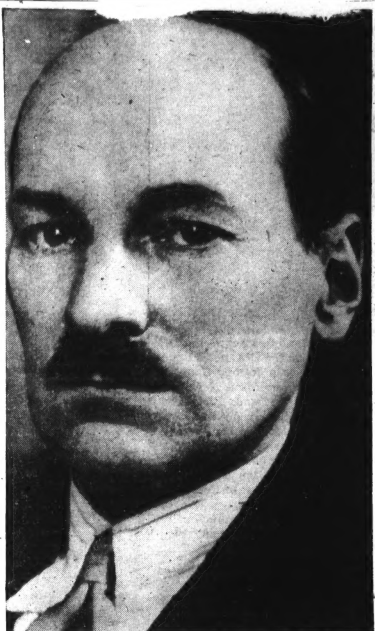
## Migration Of War Workers Makes For Better Understanding

There has been much talk of the evil consequences of the uprooting and shifting of workers all over the country in the war years. But there is at least one strong voice that has something good to say about it. The voice belongs to Mrs. Henry Andrews Ingram, the white-haired, blue-eyed, motherly lady from Brooklyn who is president of the United States board of the Y.W.C.A. and vice-president of the national board of the USO. "The great migration produced by the war," said Mrs. Ingram in her office at Y.W.C.A. headquarters in New York, "has given people from different parts of the country the opportunity to associate with each other and learn to understand each other. It has broken down some of the old barriers that had grown up because people had stayed put too long."

## HANDY MACHINE

A new combination clothes and dish-washing machine already in production has been announced by Edward N. Hurley, Jr., chairman of the Electric Household Utilities Corporation, Chicago. He said the appliance will sell for less than standard pre-war washing machines. The washing of clothes and dishes is done in readily interchangeable sets of tubs and accessories that operate inside an enameled steel cabinet.

Steel automobile springs are being replaced by rubber spring-suspensions—a war creation that will stick after victory.



RT. HON. CLEMENT R. ATTLEE  
Great Britain's New Prime Minister

## Substitute Dishes

## Many foods Other Than Meat Supply Protein

Early Canadian settlers depended largely upon wild game and birds for food. Perhaps because of this and because in more recent times there has been an abundance of meats, Canadians have leaned heavily on meat as a source of protein.

However, there are many other foods which are excellent sources of protein. For centuries Europeans have obtained their animal protein largely from fish, eggs, and especially cheese. Dried peas, and beans are excellent sources of protein, too, and a dish of French Canadian pea soup or baked beans will help meet the day's needs of protein, minerals and B vitamins.

The Nutrition Division of the Department of National Health and Welfare states that 1½ glasses of milk or 2 eggs or ¾ cup of grated cheese are equal in protein to an average serving of steak.

## War On Moths

## Amazing Power Of New Insecticide May Eradicate This Pest

The day may be near when a truce can be called to the war waged by every housewife on moths.

The amazing new insecticide DDT has potent powers as a moth killer, according to a recent report of the United Kingdom Wool Industries' Research Association. The association's scientists have developed a technique for applying an oil solution of DDT to wool during manufacture which makes it moth-proof for life, no matter how frequently the fabric is washed or cleaned. Research workers also report that by mixing a minute quantity of DDT with cleaning fluids, clothing already in use can be made nearly 100% moth-proof.

The first limited supplies of DDT have been made available for civilian use in Canada and Canadian scientists, hard at work on research, predict a bright future for this newest of insecticides.

## Re-building Stalingrad

## Trained Lumberjacks Steer Rafts Which Deliver Much-Needed Timber

The restoration of war-ravaged Stalingrad has begun in earnest. The rafts of timber needed to build factories and homes are beginning to arrive.

Timber-floating is at its height all through the Soviet Union at this season, but nowhere is its arrival more impatiently awaited than in this great city north of the Caspian Sea where the Nazi armies were stopped in their drive to the east.

The first Stalingrad raft, three times as wide as a big city highway, was steered by trained lumberjacks all the way from the upper reaches of the Kama River, a tributary of the Volga. To move its 30,000 cubic metres of timber overland would have required at least 1,500 freight cars.

## RAILWAYS OF BRITAIN

Under peacetime conditions the railways of Great Britain run 25 per cent more trains daily than any other country in the world and the average number of trains per route mile of line throughout the railway system is 54 per day, compared with nine on the same basis in the United States, according to the British Railways.

## Spires Of England

## A New England Will Be Built Out Of The Rubble Of Nazi Destruction

An English visitor to Montreal, who is the deputy commissioner for reconstruction of the Congregational churches of England and Wales, says that while the enemy-destroyed churches will be rebuilt, the church spires will not rise up again. Building materials are scarce. It is felt that no useful purpose would be served in spending on spires the lead, stone and wood that otherwise could be put to other urgent needs.

Well, it may be hoped that not too many of the spires of England have been destroyed. In some cases the spires have happily withstood the enemy while the main body of the church lies in rubble.

The spires of England, from medieval times to when have given to England one of its great glories, in their miracles of grace and variety of form. Even so, there remained many a square church tower to be marked distinctively on the ordnance survey maps, and to symbolize the sturdiness of English character.

But later still came the church builders who sought to depart radically from traditional design. They have used new materials and have built their houses of worship recognizing that their location within crowded cities allowed for wide differences in design.

A new England is to be built out of the rubble of Nazi destruction. But the present rebuilding may nevertheless be but a transitional period to something better. The spires that are left will be all the more precious regarded as part of the glory that is England. And in time to come there may still be a place for more. May it never be said, though, as once it was of St. Ann's church in Dublin, "A beggarly people, a church and no steeples."—Ottawa Citizen.

## Must Help Themselves

## General Eisenhower's Orders To German People Are Clear

General Eisenhower is a man of few words and no foolishness. His proclamation to the German people is blunt as phraselogy can make it. He tells them that if they wish to eat they must go to work on their farms; that if they wish to be warm next winter they must go into the forests and gather wood; that if they wish shelter they must repair their damaged houses. "All these," he says, "are your problems: their solution depends upon your work." But he promises that if they will turn to work willingly they will have such help as the military government can give.

Moreover, he tells them, despite all hardships, they need not face the future without hope. It lies in their power to build a healthy democratic life in Germany, but to do this they must show that they have forever abandoned militarism and aggression and adopt a peaceful way of life. "This is good, German language, but no German need have any difficulty whatever in understanding it," New York Sun.

More heat is required to increase the temperature of water than of any other substance except hydrogen.



JOSEPH E. DAVIES  
Former U.S. Ambassador To Moscow

## USED UP PLENTY

## Huge Quantities Of Sugar Went Into Manufacture Of Gunpowder

One salvo from five 14-inch guns uses the sugar produced by one acre of cane or beets, or their equivalent. The sugar, converted into alcohol, is used in making gunpowder.

The figure comes from Dr. Robert C. Hockett, scientific director of the Sugar Research Foundation, New York, in a report on reasons why there is a sugar shortage.

Fighting men, Dr. Hockett says, were allowed twice as much sugar in garrison diets as the folks at home. Sugar played a large role in field rations, not merely because it gives energy, but because it is compact. It is not subject to spoilage. The men eat it, an important point which the quartermaster corps had to consider because men in action refuse a good many kinds of foods.

A high sugar diet for fliers strengthens their ability to resist blackout during fast turns with their ships. This is because sugar helps keep the blood charged with carbonic acid gas.

On life rafts, sugar is used to help a man keep from losing the water in his body. The sugar also enables him to live for a time in good health, off his own fat, by preventing the acidosis which often attacks fasting persons.

Sugar is furnishing a large portion of the new synthetic tires, by making alcohol to be converted into butadiene.

Last year nearly 1,000,000 tons of sugar was shipped directly to alcohol plants without being removed from the cane juice in its final form of purified, granulated sugar.

## Started Something

## Ottawa Artist Has Changed Ideas Of Photos For Newspapers

Wilf Bennett in the Vancouver News-Herald says:

When Yousuf Karsh of Ottawa grabbed Churchill's cigar out of his hand and then photographed him while the Prime Minister—er, ex-Prime Minister—was still glaring at him, he did something more than merely skyrocket himself to fame as the world's outstanding portrait photographer.

The famous Churchill portrait, supported by the long series of Karsh portraits of the world's outstanding personalities, seems to have instilled new ambition into every newspaper photographer in North America. It used to be that the visiting dignitary knew exactly what to do for the newspaper photographer. He invariably sat in the middle of an over-stuffed Chesterfield in his hotel suite, flanked by a home-town dignitary on either side. Then the whole three, if they were not too nervous, grinned proudly and a little self-consciously at the camera. The undertone of the picture made all three of them feel good . . . and this happy glow recurred every time they posed over it again in their scrapbooks.

If there were more than two local hot shots to be snapped with the great man they stood behind the Chesterfield, also smiling directly into the camera, quietly hunched in the reflected glow from "the chief."

But it's different now. This man Karsh has changed all that. If you look at any newspaper today you'll see what I mean.

Now every picture has to be a personalized portrait study of the subject.

The visiting sales manager or politician no longer merely sits on a sofa and smiles. He has to play with his eversharp while the photographer arranges his lights so as to depict his sensitive hands. Or he has to be adjusting his tie, or feeding some goldfish, or gazing significantly at a globe of the world.

The visiting boys have to work at it now, they can't just sit at ease with the local district managers following a friendly drink at the company's expense.

It's all Yousuf's fault.

## A Grateful Veteran

## Has Given Two Wheel Chairs To Christie Street Hospital

A 26-year-old private has given two wheel-chairs to the Christie Street hospital, Toronto. He is Albert Cunningham, of Marsden, Sask. Marsden lost his legs in France while serving with the Calgary Highlanders, and after receiving medical attention at the Christie Street hospital returned home.

Now, Cunningham has shown his gratitude for the kindness he received while in hospital by donating two wheel-chairs to the institution. They cost the wounded vet. \$100.

## None For Disposal

## War Assets Corporation Flooded With Requests For Jeeps

Plagued by tens of thousands of requests, War Assets Corporation came out with these salient facts in relation to itself and the jeep:

1. We have no jeeps for disposal.
2. We have never had any.
3. We don't expect to have any for a long time, if ever.

By telephone, letter and the spoken word, the tens of thousands have been harrying the corporation with requests for jeeps to be put into civilian use.

The corporation, charged with riding Canada of her excess war materials, can only say its three lie, point a finger at a certain motor-car concern that plans a civilian-ventured jeep soon and advise, "try him."

Tip to housewives: If sour milk and soda are used in place of sweet milk in a recipe, always mix the soda with the dry ingredients.

## Doubled-Crossed Nazis

## German Spies Worked As Counter Espionage Agents In America

The Federal Bureau of Investigation said that five German spies sent to the United States after 1939 to learn of atomic bomb developments were persuaded to double cross the Nazis and work as counter espionage agents.

"Several" of the spies were intercepted in Europe and South America en route to the United States and made "double agents" before they launched any espionage activities for the Nazis," an FBI spokesman said. He would not disclose their names.

As a result of American alertness, the FBI said, no sabotage of any kind was committed in an atomic plant.

## To Trace Missing

## British Will Start Search For People Lost During War

British authorities began an attempt to trace missing persons, military and civilians, missing as a result of the war.

A search bureau made up of 10-man teams will tour the British occupation zone running down shreds of information which may lead to the reunion of families. It is similar to bureaus now operated by American, French and Russian authorities. In co-operation with the other powers a central bureau will be set up with a descriptive card index system.

## A Coat Of Paint

## White House At Washington To Be Repainted

At long last the "White House," century-old home of United States presidents in Washington, is to be white again. During the war the great mansion has accumulated a heavy coat of soot and weather stains. Now, on President Truman's orders, it is almost hidden behind a mass of scaffolding and a swarm of painters are preparing it for a new coat of dazzling white.

## ATOMANIA

In majesty and fury now unleashed. The mighty atom blasts with searing breath:

Disintegrating work of man and God, Consuming all in chaos, ruin, death. The echoes of destruction rock the earth.

And horror strikes the human heart with awe:

Has science bared the secret store of life.

Or contravened some fateful, basic law?

This Titan force and power now released

Is in our hands to forge for good or ill;

To bargain with, intimidate, or blight,

Or to be made to serve, create full.

God grant it may be used to bring us light,

And not condemn us to eternal night.

—Margaret Frame.

## THAILAND'S FUTURE

The future of Thailand (Siam) is now the subject of British-American discussions, says Newsweek.

The U.S., which has never declared war on Thailand, believes that as an independent nation it could be developed into a model democratic country in the Far East. The British question the feasibility of democratic institutions in Thailand and would prefer to see it placed under some kind of tutelage of the Western powers.

# HIGH SCHOOL SOCIAL LIFE

Wednesday evening, September 26, was the fateful night for one of the teachers of the Irma high school, namely Mr. Gunn and his wife. That was the night when the Students Union of the high school staged a bang-up shivaree amid the thunderous roars of shotguns, the clattering and banging of tin cans, and the savage screeches of many students, the happy couple were routed out of their home, much to their surprise.

They were bundled into "ye olde fashioned buggy" and taken for a merry ride up and down the main street of our fair village. Amid the shouts of everyone, they were borne to the high school, where a short program got under way.

The following are the events which comprised the program: a reading by Ernest Carter, two solos by Carl Soneff, two solos by Lloyd Johnston, and a reading by Elfreda Fenton. Several games were played much to the amusement of everyone.

David Barrs presented a purse from the students of the school and Murray Dawson presented them with an electric toaster from the high school hockey club. Mr. and Mrs. Gunn both replied very suitably, after which everyone joined hands and sang "For They Are Jolly Good Fellows."

A short dance ensued while a very delicious lunch was prepared.

## CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank all those who helped in any way at the time of our recent bereavement in the loss of our husband and father. Also for the lovely floral tributes and cash contributions.

Mrs. J. Stenson and family.

## Your \$1.00

Donation May

WIN

\$6,000

LIONS Club FARM

SIX MILES from INNISFAIL, mile and half from gravel

ALSO OTHER PRIZES

Proceeds for Social Welfare and Recreational Centre

DRAW DECEMBER 7th

TICKET ... \$1.

BOOK of 6 Tickets for .... \$5.00

SPONSORS -

Innisfail Lions Club

To INNISFAIL LIONS OFFICE, Box 246, INNISFAIL, ALBERTA

Herewith \$..... for Tickets on Lions Farm, or I wish to sell tickets on the farm. Please send ..... Books.

Name ..... Address .....

# LOCALS

Albert Jackson has gone to Calgary to start on a two-year course in electricity at a technical school.

Next Monday, October 8, is Thanksgiving Day and a public holiday all over Canada.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Love of Edmonton spent last week-end with their daughter, Mrs. F. M. Hill, and family.

Colin Carter was taken to the Royal Alexandra hospital in Edmonton last week for another small operation on his leg.

Miss Doris Peterson came home from Edmonton last Sunday evening, after recovering from an operation. She started school on Monday.

Several places of business have had the fronts of the buildings brightened up with a fresh coat of paint. These include Irma Trading Co., Carl Anquist and the Irma Co-operative Store. Earlier in the summer the Imperial Lumber Co. had their buildings re-painted. All this improves the appearance of our village.

Congratulations are due Miss Aletha Knudson on her attaining honors in her registered nursing exams in Edmonton last month.

Pte Gordon Ramsey of Sask Light Infantry arrived home Thursday from two and a half years overseas service. After 30 days leave he will get his discharge.

The October meeting of the Irma Ladies Aid will be held on Thursday afternoon, October 11, at the home of Mrs. Rohrer. Mrs. J. Fenton will conduct the devotional period and Mrs. M. Holt will give the study paper. Assisting the hostess will be Mrs. McLean and Mrs. Arnold. All members are cordially invited. Friends and visitors are always welcome.

Keep in mind the Halloween dance in Keifer's hall, Irma, on October 31.

Mr. P. H. Funke of Swift Current Sask, has purchased Mr. A. E. Blakleys farm and is now moving in.

Mrs. M. K. McLeod left the first of the week for Scobie Manitoba, to spend the winter with her daughter and family.

Mrs. C. V. Larson has moved into Mrs. McLeods cottage for the winter.

## Irma Times

Published every Friday by the Times Publishers, Irma, Alberta  
E. W. CARTER, Local Editor

**CJCA**  
CURTAIN TIME  
7:30 p.m.  
Wednesday  
Voice of the Great Northwest

## Wheat Pools Have Brought About

narrowed price spreads as between grades, as between tough and dry grain and as between street and carload lots

Wheat was handled in the 1944-45 crop year on a narrower margin than has ever existed in North America and probably in the world.

It is the duty and privilege of the grain producers of this province to deliver their wheat to

## Alberta Pool Elevators

## TRAVEL BY BUS!

DAILY SERVICE

Now In Effect

EDMONTON-WAINWRIGHT

Your Patronage Appreciated

For Full Information See Your Local Agent

Sunburst Motor Coaches Ltd.



CBC WASHINGTON COMMENTARY

Pictured here on the steps of the U.S. Congress building are the three men who report regularly from Washington to their fellow-Canadians at home in this country over the CBC's Trans-Canada network. Left to right they are: B. T. Richardson, Bob Bowman and Charles Michie. Bowman was the first CBC war correspondent to go overseas, sailing with the first division in

1939. He has been heard Wednesday nights on the CBC news Round Up. Michie is a former Canadian who now represents a New York newspaper. He and Richardson broadcast regularly on the CBC's Washington commentary on Sunday afternoons at four minutes past one. In the background is the famous dome of the U.S. Capitol flanked by the House of Representatives and the Senate, where the three newsmen gather much of the material for the CBC broadcasts.

## Wainwright S. Div. Regular Meeting

Minutes of the meeting of the school divisional board held at the office of the secretary on September 28, 1945, at 9:00 a.m.

All members present including Mrs. A. McLeod of the Wainwright S.D. No. 1658.

Moved by Mr. Dixon that the minutes of the last meeting be adopted as read. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Spencer that Mr. Pilgrim's and Mr. N. McTurk's lands as requested be transferred to the Grange Dale S.D. and that the secretary write to the minister re same. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Dallyn that the secretary contact Mr. Barrowcliffe at Ribstone re correspondence received. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Spencer that report of van committee be adopted. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Dixon that the health nurse's report be adopted as read. Cd.

Health Nurse's Report, Sept. 28  
T.B. Follow-up visits ..... 17  
Inoculations at office:

Whooping cough ..... 7  
Diphtheria ..... 12  
Smallpox ..... 2  
Scarlet fever ..... 2

Child Welfare Clinics:

Wainwright:  
Inoculations ..... 40  
Whooping cough ..... 31  
Diphtheria ..... 31  
Scarlet fever ..... 3  
Smallpox ..... 3

Chauvin:  
Children examined ..... 27  
Inoculations ..... 7  
Whooping cough ..... 7  
Diphtheria ..... 10  
Scarlet fever ..... 2  
Smallpox ..... 1  
Dick tests ..... 1

Edgerton:  
Children examined ..... 41  
Inoculations ..... 22  
Whooping cough ..... 22  
Diphtheria ..... 15  
Smallpox ..... 2  
School examinations ..... 12  
Home follow-up visits ..... 4

Vern S. Perkins,  
Public Health Nurse.

Moved by Mr. Sanders that we adjourn until 1:30 p.m. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Sanders that superintendent's report be adopted. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Dixon that the office investigate the possibilities of the conveyance situation into Wainwright and advise for tenders if necessary. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Sanders that reports on teacherages be accepted. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Sanders that Mr. F. J. Redmond be paid \$15.00 over the contract price for moving of the Prospect Valley teacherage to Edgerton. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Spencer that we endorse the action of the office re grade 9 pupils at Fabyan. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Sanders that accounts be paid in the amount of \$13,760.10 and same be incorporated in the minutes. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Dallyn that the

repair man's report be adopted. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Sanders that we adjourn. Cd.

Next meeting to be held on October 26, at 10:00 a.m.  
O. Griffiths, Secretary.

## Lost or Strayed 14 HEAD OF CATTLE

1 roan, 1 black, some Herefords branded WS with bar below on right hip. Reward offered for recovery. W. H. Speers, phone 914, Viking, Alta. 5-12p

## FOR SALE

Five-room house, lath and plastered. Must be moved. Wellington Watson, phone 114, Irma.

## T. B. Questions and Answers

Supplied by the Alberta Tuberculosis Association, Calgary  
Edited by F. H. Heise, M.D.  
National Tuberculosis Association

Q. How are T.B. germs (tubercle bacilli) taken into the system?

A. The droplets of moisture forced out during cough, and containing tubercle bacilli, are inhaled. Tubercle bacilli may also be taken into the body by way of food, i.e. bacilli deposited on food by coughing, or from hands, or in the case of cattle tubercle bacilli, by way of milk and its products.

Q. What diseases may predispose one to tuberculosis?

A. The infectious diseases of childhood, especially measles, are thought to prepare the way for development of tuberculosis. Any disease seriously undermining the health may be followed by evidence of tuberculosis. In most instances, perhaps, this is a reactivation of a dormant tuberculosis.

Our readers who may have questions to ask regarding tuberculosis should send them direct to the above address where they will be given early and careful attention.

Watch for these questions and answers in our paper each week.

## WHAT CAN YOU SPARE THAT THEY CAN WEAR?



OCT. 1 to 20  
NATIONAL CLOTHING COLLECTION

# ★ MORE ACRES ★ MORE BUSHELS ★ MORE PROFIT



## With Modern Power Machines and IMPERIAL FUELS AND LUBRICANTS

The answer to your problem of how to get more cash income from your land is—  
Make greater use of power-driven machinery. Your Imperial Oil agent can be of service to you in supplying you with the correct fuels and lubricants for your particular equipment and in helping you maintain it in efficient running condition.



## IMPERIAL OIL LIMITED

Esso Extra—3-Star Gasoline—Acto Gasoline—Tractor Distillate—Diesel Fuel—Essolite Kerosene—Marvelube Motor Oils—Goas Oils and Greases—Mobiloil—Imperial Essolube HD Motor Oil.

## To donors and others who have contributed in any way to the RED CROSS WARTIME BLOOD DONOR Service

in Alberta Division Clinics:

Dear Friends:

This letter is to say "THANK YOU!"

The volunteer Blood Donor Service of the Canadian Red Cross Society was established on January 29, 1940. Since that time, we have received over 2,300,000 blood donations in Canada. As we are now closing the service from a war standpoint, we would like to express to you our sincere appreciation for the blood donations you have so generously given.

There is always a joy in doing something for another but there is a special joy when it means the saving of a life. This Service has been the means of saving the lives of hundreds of our men in the Army, the Navy and the Air Force; so you, by your co-operation, have had a part in it. We know this thought will fully repay you.

Now regarding the future. It is most unfortunate that many deaths occur in the hospitals in Canada annually because of the lack of a proper transfusion service. The Red Cross is an organization of mercy and we are now surveying the field in Canada with a view of setting up a service to provide blood for transfusion purposes in all hospitals.

It is anticipated that it will take at least three months to complete the survey; so we again say "Thank you" for your assistance during the war period and we most earnestly request that you join with us when the new service is established in continuing to play a part in the saving of human life—something so dear to us all.

Yours sincerely,

DR. R. C. RILEY,  
Chairman, Blood Donor Committee.

## HAIL LOSSES

Around 1,700 claims for hail losses have been made by over eleven thousand Alberta farmers this year, according to J. Glen Elder, manager of the Alberta Hail Insurance Board. This is the worst year for hail that the board has experienced since it started business in 1938.

"I find widespread amongst the people of Canada today a feeling that centralization within our country, as well as on a world scale, is inevitable. This inevitability has resulted from the persistent and subtle propaganda of the enemies of true democracy over the years."—Hon. Selon Low.